Collor de Mello leads in Brazil

BRASILIA, Brazil (AP) — Conservative Fernando Collor de Ma surged ahead of his socialist opponent in Brazil's first popular presidential election since 1960, the nation's largest television network reported Monday. Sunday's runoff was seen as a referendance on two decades of rapid but unequal growth that has brought 1,500 per cent annual inflation, curruption and the developing world's biggest foreign debt, \$110 hillon. Voters chose between two kinds of reform to attack the problems — Collor de Mello's free-market policies or Luis Inacio Luis da Silva's plans that included redistribution of land and wealth referent a structure and hands. the Meno's recomment powers or Law Ranco Lour on cave a passau included redistribution of land and wealth, reform in education and health care and a moratorium on Brazil's foreign debt. The Giobo TV network had Collor de Mello shead by 2.9 million votes, or 4.9 per cent of the total, with 35.7 per cent of the votes counted in an unofficial taily. Globo TV owner Roberto Marinho backs Color de Mello. The network, which used its computers to tally the returns from individual states, Monday projected Color de Mello as the winner. Meanwhile, the supreme electral court had Collor de Mello leading Lula da Silva by one percentage point, with 33.8 per cent of the returns in from Sunday's ranoff election.

An independent Arab political daily published by the aordan Press Foundation جوردان تليمز يونية سياسة المندر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية والراي،

CAIRO (R) — President Hand Maharak anid Monday that Cuiro and Dunasces were weeking to improve strained relations before restoring dislamatic first, cut in 1979 after Egypt signed the only Arab breaty with Brack. "We must look to the future and develop relations." Maharak told reporters. "That is the origin and the foundation (to resuming the lost." Asked if a memory in received from Syrian President Haise Al Assad this week was related to restoring relations. Maharak said: "Commitations between us are constant and confiances." On Suiday, Information Master Safund Sharif because the first Egyptian minister to visit Syria in 12 years. His breakthrough trip ended with the two countries expressing interest in joint Arab action and strengthening cooperation. In Damascus, Syrian officials praised the rapprochement with Egypt, suggesting first the crambing of barriers between East and West and moves towards a single European market were forcing Arab states to work together. "We are living in an era of massive political and economic change that will lead to a united Europe in 1992. We are still far behind and should speed up our moves to catch up with world developments," one official said. CAIRO (R) - President House Maharak said Menday that Cairo and Deceases were working to improve strained relations before restoring

moves to catch up with world developments," one official said.

Cairo, Damascus seek improved ties

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AMMAN TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1989, JUMADA AL OULA 20, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 rivals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King hails world changes but urges Arab vigilance

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday hailed the present relaxed world political atmosphere and East-West detente as a turning point in the life of man on earth and described the end of the cold war as a blessing to mankind.

In a speech at the graduation of two batches of army commanders, the King, however, warned the Arab Nation to remain "vigilant and ready for all eventualities lest the new world developments should bring about changes at the Arab Nation's expense."

Addressing a joint ceremony for the graduation of the third group of army commanders from the Royal War College and the 30th batch of officers from the Royal Command and Staff Academy, the King said the recent superpower summit in Malta officially brought the cold war to an end and the world was rejoicing over the relaxed atmosphere and the end of East-West tension. "The world is witnessing a new

era of cooperation in place of confrontation among world nations, but we wonder if such positive development would be reflected on the Middle East region, particularly on the Palestine the King said.

"Will the end of the cold war end the conflict in the Middle East or will the area remain hostage to Zionist ambitions, and will the superpowers, which have embarked on resolving regional

conflicts, cooperate to find a just existence and progress," the King life in the Kingdom. solution for the Palestine issue said. "We are totally committed to solution for the Palestine issue that has sapped the resources of the region for so long, and will all these result in helping the Palesti-nian people regain their freedom and exercise their right to selfdetermination in an independent state on Palestinian national soil like the rest of the world's na-

"It is time for the peoples of the Middle East region to enjoy peace and direct their attention towards reconstruction and development, free of all forms of danger and wars," King Hussein

tions," the King asked.

As we watch the relaxed world atmosphere encompassing various areas of the world except ours, we should remain vigilant and pursue efforts and seek to direct the world's attention to this region," the King added.
"We should watch the events

around us and remain aware of the various changes and fast moving developments around the world and ensure that the creation of new relationships would not be at the expense of the Arabs," King Hussein warned. He said coordination and coop-

eration among Arab countries through the Arab League should continue and the Arabs must adopt a unified attitude towards the changing world.

"It is time for the Arabs to opt for regional cooperation, which is the only means for the nation's

King Hussein referred in this context to cooperation among the countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council, the Arab Cooperation Council and the Arab Maghreb Union "as steps on the right track; but not the end of the

King Hussein congratulated the graduates and said that Jordan was proud to have offered training at its military institutions to officers from other Arab armies. "Officers from other Arab countries constitute 27 per cent of the total graduates this year and this is a positive development pointing to a greater measure of inter-Arab military cooperation, which, I hope, will lead to a similar degree of close cooperation among Arab states in economic and political affairs," King Hussein said.

The King also revealed that among the graduates this year were a group of officers from France. The presence of French army officers among the graduates point to the good prospects of close North-South cooperation based on mutual respect and common interests," be said.

Turning to the domestic situation, King Hussein described the election of Jordan's 11th Parliament last month as a national achievement, opening the door for parliamentary and democratic missions in the Kingdom.

protecting democracy, which we hope to employ as a style of life in Jordan, but I would like to emphasise here that protection of democracy basically emanates from the conscience and behaviour of the people who exer-. cise democracy," King Hussein

"Freedom within the framework of democracy means responsibility and commitment to the Constitution and the country's laws and regulations," the King added. "All citizens are respons ble for protecting democracy, and all citizens are equal before the law by which they should all abide

"Democracy and public order are two faces of the same coin and the requirements of democracy should be shouldered by both the executive and legislative authorities in the country on equal footing with intellectuals, journalists, educationists and leaders of the community."

King Hussein later distributed diplomas and awards to the graduates. Attending the cere-mony were His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Al Hussein, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and other senior officials and high-ranking army officers as well as heads of diplomatic



His Majesty King Hussein Monday arrives at the Royal War College to attend a graduation ceremony (Petra photo)

Crown Prince meets Hurd, calls for Mideast efforts

LONDON (Agencies) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Monday stressed the need to mobilise international efforts in order to contribute to solving the Middle East conflicts, the Jordan News Agency, Petra,

During a meeting with British Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary Douglas Hard, Prince Hassan underlined the "need to at I Inited Nationa Sociaity Council Resolution 598 to end

the Iran-Iraq dispute as soon as possible," Petra said. The talks also touched on

Jordanian-British relations. The meeting was attended on the Jordanian side by His Majesty King Hussein's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh, Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, and Jordaman Ambassador in London Albert Butros. Present on the British side was senior British Foreign Office officials.

The Crown Prince arrived in London from the U.S. where he met with President George Bush and senior administration officials as well as U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

He delivered a message from the King to Bush on Jordan's views on the reforms sweeping Eastern Europe and their poss ble impact on the Middle East.

The Crown Prince returned to Amman late Monday.

KUWAIT (AP) — A top aide to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat Monday flatly denied the existence of differences between Egypt and the PLO over the U.S.-led Middle East peace

tween the PLO and Egypt," Salah Khalaf, second in command in Arafat's mainstream Fatch group, said in an interview. "We are in complete agreement over the PLO's standing as

the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people." Khalf was responding to a question on reports from Washington that differences between the PLO and Cairo could form a snag in the U.S.-Egyptian-

Israeli meeting for which preparations are under way. According to the Washington for the PLO.

The meeting, expected next month in Washington, follows an ary of State James Baker to meet with the Israelis under U.S. auspices to pave the way for a direct Palestinian-Israeli dialogue.

Israel so far refuses to have PLO representatives or PLOselected representatives in the Palestinian delegation, while Egypt has been seeking compromise representation formulas, such as the nomination of PLO sympathisers if not outright mem-

"The PLO will not heed the outcome of next month's meeting of the U.S. secretary of state and reports, problems between the

Arab countries and the PLO have and Israel if they ignored the "We are ready to deal with the arisen because of questions as to
PLO's exclusive right to name the whether Egypt would be speaking
Palestinian delegation to the ciples: PLO's exclusive right to talks." said Khalaf.

"The differences exist between announcement from Washington us and each of the United States should include items other than that Egypt gave its qualified and Israel. There are no differ- the elections and the direct talks

He said a Palestinian delega tion would visit Cairo later this week to stress anew this point before Esmat Abdul Megnid, the Egyptian foreign minister, leaves for Washington.

Khalaf denied that Egypt had communicated its own reply to the Baker plan. "There is no Egyptian reply to the Baker plan. The Egyptians were under obliga-tion to communicate the PLO's reply as it was handed to Mr. Abdul Meguid," he said. Reiterating the PLO principles

the foreign ministers of Egypt for the dialogue, Khalaf said:

proposed Palestinian-Israeli form the Palestinian delegation from inside and outside the occupied territories, the agenda international summit."

Khalaf said that once the Washington meeting succeeded in leading to direct talks between the Palestinians and Israel "we will immediately announce our negotiating team."

Khalaf disclosed "differences"

between the PLO and its traditional friend, the Soviet Union, over Moscow's plans to allow larger numbers of Soviet Jews to leave for Israel. But he said the Kremlin still supported the convening of an international conference and the setting up of an independent Palestinian state.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM rubber bullets and another 10-(AP) — Soldiers shot and wound-ed 13 Palestinians on Monday al officials said. They also reduring a stone-throwing protest ported 18 people shot in other against vandalism by Jewish settiers at a Gaza Strip building site planned to house Palestinian refugees, reporters said.

The army confirmed the settlers' attack in the town of Rafah, and a settler group issued a warning of more such assaults unless Israel dropped plans to resettle 5,800 refugees from Egypt in the occupied seaside strip.

The 13 wounded in Rafah inchided a 10-year-old boy serious-ly wounded in the head with clashes with Israeli troops Monday in Gaza.

The army confirmed 10 wounded in Gaza's Shati refugee camp and said it was checking the reports of wounded in Rafah.

Meanwhile, shops were closed and transportation was haltedthroughout Gaza and the West Bank in a general strike called by the leadership of the Palestinian uprising in solidarity with the more than 9,000 Palestinians held

At least 631 Palestinians have been killed by Israelis during the two-year uprising.

161 of their fellow Arabs. Most of them were slain on suspicion of collaborating with Israel, but some were murdered for "moral offenses" against the Palestinian

The latest victim was a 30-yearold woman, Sand Abu Hadrus, who died Monday after being severely beaten by masked youths a day before in the Askar refugee camp near Nablus, Israel radio said. It said the woman was killed on "morality grounds."

urged to help peace process

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — French Prime Minister Michel Rocard met Monday with leading Palestinians from the occupied territories who asked France's help in convincing Israel to accept the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as a negotiating partner.

While here on a private visit, Rocard also met after his arrival VEDILLE with Israeli Finance Minister Shimon Peres and had dinner with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who strongly opposes any role for the PLO in Middle East peace talks.

Radwan Abu Ayash, one of 14 Palestinians who met Rocard at the French consulate here, said the delegation urged a role for France in the peace process. "We discussed the peace pro-

cess and the role France can play in pressuring Israel to accept the PLO as a full partner in negotiations," said Abu Avash, head of the Journalists Union in the occupied West Bank.

"The Palestinians made it very clear that we expect France to. play a bigger role, especially in Europe, in order to push the peace process forward, and he promised to do so," said Abu

"We made it very clear that the PLO should have the right to participate and to get involved in the peace process from the beginning," Abu Ayash said as spokesman for the group.

Speaking to Israel Radio be-fore meeting Shamir Sunday night, Rocard said France was willing to assist dialogue between Israel and the Palestinians if its

help was wanted, "which remains to be proved." Avi Pazner, an adviser to Shamir, said Rocard and the prime

minister discussed peace pros-pects but not a role for the PLO. The dinner at Shamir's resi-

dence was the first official franction attended by the prime minis-ter since his release from Hadassah Hospital Sunday morning following surgery for a hernia. Rocard was scheduled to leave

after attending a ceremony later Monday naming a Jaffa street after former French Prime Minister Pierre Mendes-France, a Jew and a strong supporter of israel who died in 1982.

Later Monday, Rocard, in a veiled criticism of the Israeli government, praised Israelis who held peace talks with the PLO.

Inaugurating the street in Jaffa, Rocard recalled a secret 1976 meeting between two Israeli leftists and PLO official Issum Sartawi," which Mendes-France arranged.

"These men needed courage to go against the tide but they also needed a mediator. Pierre Mendes France was that man," Rocard said in a prepared speech.

U.N. official denies Khartoum charge of ferrying rebel arms

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — A senior United Nations official Monday categorically denied charges that arms and ammunition were smuggled to Sudanese rebels by a U.N.-organised relief programme and expressed hope that such allegations would not preempt much-needed relief efforts in the war-hit, faminestricken country.

"It is unfortunate that these allegations have been made and I am saddened by them," said Richard Reid, regional director of United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) for the Middle East and North Africa, referring to charges made in Khartoum by a top-level officer in the military junta now ruling Sudan. "All of us in Operation Lifeline Sudan knew the trust the government had put in the U.N. to preserve total security and control in our food and health supplies distribution process; and to ensure that these relief supplies — and nothing else - were distributed to waraffected people on both sides of the fighting lines," Reid, who is based in Amman, told the Jordan Times.

Phase one of Operation Lifeline Sudan, which involved many U.N. agencies including UNICEF, and other international organisations, was completed in October this year. It involved moving 110,000 ton-

nes of food and health supplies into various parts of Sudan, particularly the south where a civil war is raging since 1984, to help victims of famine and drought. Reid said the relief operation averted a "repetition" of last year - when 250,000 people died of starvation, mainutrition and epidemics in southern Sudan.

Operation Lifeline Sudan was made possible after the Khartoum junta and the southern rebels agreed to honour an agreement to offer safe conduct to relief supplies and not to hamper other related opera-

But, Mohammad Al Amin Khalifa, a member of the Revolutionary Command Council (RCC) of Sudan — the military junta — charged Sunday that There were excesses in the relief operation, which had a mercy tág but was hostile in

"We have irrefutable evidence that arms, ammunition and spare parts for vehicles reached the rebels through relief and were later used to kill innocent people," Khalifa, deputy to Sudanese strongman Omar Hassen Al Bashir, was quoted as saying at a press conference in the Sudanese

Asked by the Jordan Times Monday to comment on the charge, Reid pointed out that "scores of monitors — U.N. personnel — (were) assigned specifically to inspect each step

of distribution.' "Operation Lifeline Sudan succeeded through the trust of the government of Sudan and through the confidence given by the Sudan People's Liberation Movement (SPLM)," he

The U.N. official, who said he was personally involved in the relief programme, express-ed hope that the next phase of the operation would not be jeopardised by the dispute. "Operation Lifeline Sudan was able in the past year to do its job because of trust," he said. "We need to preserve that trust if Operation Lifeline Sudan II

- next year's relief operation is to go forward effectively." "For the lives of Sudanese children and women particular-ly, this is crucial," he added. Reports from Khartoum indicate that the military junta led by Bashir, who assumed power after overthrowing the civilian government of Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi in June this year, is insisting that a fresh ceasefire with the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), the military wing of the SPLM, is in place before any relief

efforts could be resumed. In a tacit arrangement seen by observers as anxiety on both sides to project a humanitarian mage, the military rulers and the rebels had been renewing unilateral ceasefires since June to facilitate relief efforts, but the truce collapsed after the SPLA overran a border town in



Richard Reid

October. A round of peace talks held in Nairobi, Kenya, between the junta and SPLA early this month broke up with no definite sign of progress. Both sides have given conflicting versions of the next phase in negotiations to end the fiveyear civil war. According to Western relief

officials, food stocks at the southern provincial capital of Juba are expected to run out before the end of the year, and phase two of Operation Lifeline Sudan, which involves ferrying 90,000 tonnes of food and medical supplies to the south in January, is paralysed by the conditions attached to it by the Bashir regime.

However, in his comments Sunday, Khalifa, who led the junta team to the Nairobi talks, appeared to hold out the possibility of resuming Operation Lifeline Sudan. He said the ruling council in Khartoom and donor governments would hold a meeting next month to discuss

opens

summit MUSCAT (R) — Sultan Qaboos of Oman opened an annual sum-mit of Gulf Arab leaders Monday

by calling for an even-handed approach towards the unresolved lian-liaq war. He told leaders of the sixmember Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) he hoped Iran and Iraq

would reach a final settlement to their conflict, which has cast a shadow over the summit. "We hope that these two countries will pave the way for these negotiations to achieve a permanent solution," he said in reference to U.N.-sponsored peace

Iran and Iraq halted fighting in their eight-year in August 1988, but efforts by the United Nations have made almost no progress towards persuading them to agree on terms for a lasting peace.
Sultan Qaboos, hosting the summit, expressed support for Arab peace efforts in Lebanon and for the Palestinian uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The Omani News Agency said Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev

balanced decisions to help to resolve Middle East proble "I hope the conference will be a success...," Gorbachev said in a cable to the leaders of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab

urged the GCC leaders to take

Emirates (UAE). U.S. President George Bush and U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar also sent messages to Sultan Qaboos supporting efforts to resolve the iran-iraq war peacefully.

Shevardnadze: No unilateral pullout

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard She-varduadze Monday quashed speculation that Moscow might be considering unilateral withdrawal of all its troops stationed abroad. The Soviet Union has said it

wants to bring home all 627,500 military personnel stationed abroad, most of them in Eastern Europe, by the end of the cen-

But Shevardnadze, on a visit to Belgium, strongly suggested that such withdrawals would depend on the United States pulling its forces out of Western Europe and firmly ruled out the possibility that they might be carried out unilaterally.

"We are very interested in a solution, but I underline that it must be on a reciprocal basis," said Shevardnadze, speaking to reporters through an interpreter. It is not an easy problem to resolve, we must find a reciprocal obttion... I am thinking of the U.S. presence," he said, after a working lunch with Belgian Foreign Minister Mark Eyskens. "We rave a mutual interest in stability n Europe."

The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) has previously rejected such suggestions, declaring that it has to maintain substantial U.S. forces in Europe since it would otherwise rely entirely on trans-Atlantic reinforcements in time of crisis.

Shevardnadze is in Brussels to sign a trade and cooperation treaty with the European Community (EC), and he will visit NATO beadquarters Tuesday — the first Warsaw Pact minister ever to do -

ter Vladimir Petrovsky, at a news conference at the United Nations Friday, spoke of a planned troop pullout but did not make clear whether he meant unilateral withdrawai.

This caused media speculation that Moscow was simply prepared to withdraw all foreign troops by the year 2000. Eyskens told reporters he and

Shevardnadze had discussed a

wide range of East-West issues.

Both men hoped that 1990 would see the signing of a treaty to cut conventional forces in Europe, another which would halve the superpowers' strategic nuclear arsenals and an effective global ban on chemical weapons. Eyskens said he gave Shevardnadze the EC's position on German unity. At a recent summit in Strasbourg, France, the EC leaders gave their strong support to eventual reunification but stres-

They said the unity process should take place peacefully and democratically and in the context of the 1975 Helsinki accords that fixed post-World War II borders. Beigian officials said Shevardnadze, in talks with Prime Minister Wilfried Martens, called for a new European economic

sed that other European borders

must stay in place to ensure sta-

They quoted Shevardnadze as saying the 10-year trade and economic cooperation accord reached by the Soviet Union and the EC was a first step.

They said Shevardnadze also called for increased East-West-

Israeli newsmen charged

Israel strengthens SLA but discipline remains uncertain

MAJDIA, Lebanon (AP) -The South Lebanon Army (SLA) created by Israel to help guard the border, has boned its fighting skills and expanded in size. But there is no sign Israel is ready to withdraw from Lebanon and leave the fighting to its friends.

With Israeli advisers and reporters watching, the SLA recently showed off its gunnery prowess in a live-fire exercise with a dozen Soviet T-55 tanks captured from the PLO by Israel's army.
Barrels flashed and the aging

tanks knocked out rusty trucks on a hillside nearly a kilometre

The Lebanese crews, silhouetted on a ridgeline, could be seen jumping and waving their arms with delight.

The exercise, Israeli advisers stressed, marked a significant improvement in the military capabilities of the militia that helps Israeli troops patrol a

four to 20-kilometre-deep buffer zone just north of Israel's

However, some observers see a major problem with the militia's reliability and disci-

The SLA has caused Israel political embarrassment by getting involved in shooting incidents with the nine-nation, 5,700-member U.N. peackeeping force that patrols north of the buffer zone.

It also has stirred up anti-Israeli sentiment with indiscriminate shelling attacks on Shi'ite Muslim villages. SLA Commander Antoine

Lahad, 62, a retired Lebanese army general, told reporters his force made a "lot of improvement" since Israel with-drew the bulk of its troops in

"The SLA was more like a militia. Now it has developed into a small regular army," he said, adding the force numbered 3,000 men, up from expand further. Lahad said an Israeli pre-

sence was needed until Syria withdrew its 40,000 troops from Lebanon.

"The day we face Lebanese opponents only, we can do without the backing of the Israeli army," said Lahad, a Christian whose militia controls an area with a predominantly Shi'ite Muslim population of 200,000.

Israel has stationed troops in-Lebanon since shortly after the Lebanon civil war began in

Col. Renaan Gissin, deputy army spokesman, said Israel had no plans to leave but also had no interest in Lebanon beyond protecting its 100kilometre border.

"I don't think you can call it occupation. We are only taking the measures necessary to insure we can maintain adequate security along our northern border," he said, adding the

zone had proved a success because life in northern Israel was normal and no Israeli civilian had died in an attack from Lebanon since 1985. The SLA's reliability re-

mains a major concern. In recent years, the Christian-led force was riddled with defections by Shi'ites, had its positions overrun by Iranianbacked Hezbollah guerrillas and proved unable to stop Palestinian infiltrations into the security zone.

The SLA has also borne the brunt of Shi'ite and Palestinian attacks, suffering 188 killed and 600 wounded in the past four years. So far this year, the SLA has been targeted for 350 guerrilla attacks, about half the level of the previous year.

"There has been a marked change in the SLA. They are more confident and act less like a militia. There is less indiscriminate fire, and more Israeli supervision," said a foreign diplomat, who has long experience in South Lebanon. Some experts, however, are less confident of the SLA's ability to restrain its militiamen from exacting revenge and say the force is incapable of stand-

ing up to guerrilla attacks without Israeli troops.
"The SLA will hold on as long as Israeli army is the backbone. Discipline is good as long as Israeli officers are there," said Yoram Hamizrachi, a retired colonel who was in charge of training the SLA from 1977 to 1980.

"They are improving in military skills. They can read maps and coordinate their actions. But they have a tendency to lose their tempers. I wouldn't trust them in anything major," he said.
In early December, for ex-

ample, SLA gumers retaliated for the ambush killing of three SLA militiamen by firing sporadic barrages at civilian areas north of the security zone. Lebanese reports said mine civilians were killed in the Shi'ite town of Nabatiyeh.

Shi'ite leader Nabih Berri responded with a warning that his Amal militiamen would shell Israeli settlements if the SLA attacks persisted.

Maj. Gen. Yossi Peled, Israel's northern front commander, conceded in a recent interview that he had frequent arguments with SLA commanders about the use of force.

He said that it was normal for Lebanese militias to fire 100 to 300 shells into a small village. "According to Lebanese rules, it's okay. We don't let them do it."

Peled, 49, said it was "quite difficult" to get the SLA to understand Israel's objections but "during the past two or three years we succeeded to change their behavior. I don't know if it will go back to the way it was, but there has been a tremendous change."

> charges have been brought. Greenberg, Nir and Cohen our democracy due were found by army troops in the from the uprising."
>
> West Bank city of Nablus on Roni Shaked, he Nov. 15, 1988, after the city of 120,000 had been closed by the

The charges were brought

against three Israeli reporters,

Joel Greenberg of the English-

language Jerusalem Post, Ori Nir

Shaul Naim, police prosecutor,

said the three would not be jailed

could be sentenced to up to two

years in prison if convicted of the

charges. He said he was uncertain

magistrate's court, Naim said.

Hadashot.

The incident occurred on the

(EC), but offered Ankara closer

economic and political coopera-

tutes said there were still large

economic and political differ-ences between Turkey and the

12-nation community.

The community also wanted to

wait until it had reviewed in 1993

for entering closed zone TEL AVIV (AP) - For the first lages to be closed areas.

The Jerusalem Post quoted the time in two-year Palestinian upcharge sheet as saying the jourrising, police have charged journalists with entering an area de-nalists "stayed for a long time inside Nablus after it was declared closed by the military, police said Monday. clared a closed area... aithough they heard at 7 a.m. on the radio that the area was declared dosed."

Greenberg claimed at the time that the three were unaware Nabof Haaretz and Oren Cohen of his had been closed when they

entered the city.
"We didn't know it was a during legal proceedings but closed military area because we left early in the morning and they didn't say anything about closure the day before," he said.

The three were detained by when the trial would be held. soldiers in Al Ittihad hospital, The charges were presented soldiers in Al Ittihad hospital, Sunday before the Jerusalem and said they had remained there for fear of endangering themselves after the closure order was During the uprising, soldiers selves after the have regularly blocked reporters announced.

The Hebrew daily Hadashot, from entering troubled towns or whose reporter Cohen was villages by declaring them closed military areas. While reporters among those accused, said in an editorial that the police charge "is have been detained seveal times for entering such areas, no just another, and exceptionally bitter, expression of the decime of our democracy due to pressure

Roni Shaked, head of the Association of Israeli Reporters covering the occupied territories, issued a protest to the charges.

"This step damages the work of day that the PLO declared an reporters in the (occupied) terriindependent Palestinian state. To tories and limits their ability to prevent trouble, the army put the report freely and supply the entire Gaza Strip under curfew Israeli public with reliable and and ordered Nablus and several accurate information," he was other West Bank towns and vil- quoted as saying in Haaretz.

2nd Sudanese executed XHARTOUM (Agencies) —

Another Sudanese civilian, this time convicted of drug trafficking, was hanged Sunday in the second execution carried out by the military junta that took power last summer.

The official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said Saeed Mohammad Jabalia was hanged at dawn Sunday at Cooper Prison in Khar-

The agency also confirmed earlier reports that Said Magdi Mahgoub Mobammad Ahmad was hanged at dawn Sunday at the same prison but gave no further details.

There was no immediate information on Jaballa or when he

was sentenced to death. Ahmad, a 25-year-old businessman, was sentenced to death early this month along with Ali Beshir Marioud, also convicted of black-marketeering in foreign currency.

The military government introduced tough foreign exchange regulations last July which made dealing in drugs and black market a capital crime.

The junta, led by Lt.-Gen. Omar Hassan Al Bashir, took over from the civilian government of Prime Minister Sadek Al Mahdi in a bloodless coup last

attorney general says criminal

trials arising from the bombing of

Pan Am Flight 103 that killed 270

people probably will take place in

the United States, an Edinburgh

"In this matter, on terrorists, I

think there can be little doubt

that the Americans could assert a

jurisdiction." the Lord Advocate

of Scotland, Lord Fraser, was

quoted as telling the newspaper

Fraser "firmly refuted" a London

newspaper report that police

have gathered enough evidence

to charge several suspects in the

bombing of the Jumbo Jet on

The Sunday Times of London

said that despite cautious public

statements, Scottish investigators

of security services that "charges

are now possible against certain

It said Scottish police investiga-

tors told the summit in Meck-

enheim, West Germany, that

some suspects might have to be

tried appoad because of extradi-

The newspaper did not say

when the summit took place, but

said it was attended by leaders of

security services in Britain, West

But a spokesman for Lord

weekly reported Sunday.

Scotland Sunday.

Dec. 21, 1988.

persons.

tion obstacles.

Pan Am trials likely

to take place in U.S.'

LONDON (AP) - Scotland's Germany, the United States,

Ahmad's family members said earlier that prison authorities told them Saturday night to take his

body for burial Sunday morning. Hundreds of men and women oined the funeral chanting "La Illah Ila Allah", there is no God but God, and "Magdi is a

Also on death row is Maamoun Mohammad Hussein, convicted of leading a one week strike by physicians last month. The strike was in protest over the detention of colleagues in military jails and the dismissal of physicians from government posts.

The tribunal sentenced Hussein last week and said it based its decision on regulations enforced by the junta making strikes illegal and punishable by death. U.N. Secretary General Javier

Perez de Cuellar last week urged Bashir to spare the doctor. SUNA in a separate report, said Idris Al Banna, a member of the now-dissolved joint presidency, would be tried by a military

tribunal this month for printing anti-government leaflets. Banna was jailed for 40 years on Sept. 2 after his conviction on charges of corruption. Bashir later ordered a retrial, which has

Sweden and Malta.

ground were killed.

its information.

It did not identify the source of

New York-bound Flight 103

originated in Frankfurt, West

Germany, changed planes in

London, and was blown up over

Lockerbie, Scotland. All 259 peo-

ple aboard and 11 people on the

Lord Fraser Friday announced

The Sunday Times said police

the first public inquiry into the

bombing, but said criminal pro-

ceedings were not imminent.

Malaysia calls for int'l conference on Palestine

KUALA LUMPUR (R) Malaysia called Monday for an international conference under the anspices of the United Nations to help settle the Palestinian

"It should have the participation of the five permanent members of the Security Council and all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on an equal footing," Foreign Minister Abu Hassan Bin Oman said.

The proposed conference should help initiate dialogue and identify "new approaches to end the decades of injustices done to the Palestinian people," Abu Hassan told a seminar on Palestine attended by more than 150 academics, PLO officials and

members of non-government organisations from 30 countries.
"We are at a momentous crossroads. A dialogue between the parties involved at this stage

the international conference." he

Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat said in comments read at the opening of the five-day seminar that more than 1,000 Palestinians have died and 47,000 have been injured under the Israeli occupation of Palestine.

"Our militant people is more determined now than ever to continue its just couse of struggle could be a constructive step to the comprehensive talks envisaged in national will until it is able to put ities.

an end to the occupation and give concrete form to its national independence through the establishment of its independent state," Arafat said.

At least 596 Palestinians have been killed by Israeli troops and civilians in the two-year-old Palestinian uprising against the Israeli occupation of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Another 156 have been killed by fellow Arabs on suspicion of col-laborating with the Israeli anthor-

ICRC head, Hrawi discuss release of hostages

GENEVA (AP) - The head of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), Cornelio Sommaruga, called on Lebanese President Elias Hrawi in Beirut Monday as efforts continued to obtain the release of two ICRC relief workers kidnapped in

Lebanon 2½ months ago.

A statement issued at the Geneva headquarters of the All-Swiss Agency said Sommaruga assured the president that the

ICRC would continue its humanitarian activities in Lebanon although these were jeopardised by the abduction of Emanuel Christen and Elio Erriquez. It said Sommaruga renewed an

urgent appeal for their release "so that ICRC delegates can once again fulfil their humanitarian mission throughout the country in an atmosphere of renewed confidence and respect. The statement said the fighting as orthopedic technicians in

in Lebanon and its effects on the civilian population was also discussed at the meeting.
Sommaruga reminded all par-

ties of their humanitarian responsibility to ensure "respect, in all circumstances, for the civilian population, medical personnel, and hospitals, the wounded, prisoners, and objects vital to their

survival of the population." Christen and Erriquez worked

Sidon, helping to provide artifi-cial limbs for the victims of the civil war. They were kidnapped on Oct. 6. No group has up to now claimed responsibility for the abduction. Eighteen Westerners are mis-

sing in Lebanon and are believed to be held as hostages. The longest held is Terry Anderson, chief Middle East correspondent of the Associated Press. He was kidnapped on March 16, 1985.

its own success in achieving a out 600,000 Moroccans live there. barrier-free internal market and Commenting on allegations by in making progress towards ecothe Amnesty Internatinal human rights group that prisoners in Morocco have been tortured, he

said in the programme, which was

King Hassan: Women are equal in Koran tervened to ask two Moroccan Moroccan women wore veils.

RABAT (R) — Morocco's King Hassan, attacking what he called the intolerance of some Islamic movements, said Muslim men

and women had equal rights. Muslim men and women are like Siamese twins, with the same rights and duties, and nothing in a secondary role, the king said Sunday in an interview on the French television show l'Heure

He said he had personally in-

girls in France not to wear Mus-lim headscarves in class. The issue has caused a political furore

movement, King Hassan said intolerant and "non-progressive and disfigured religion.

"I do not feel they are my brothers," he said.

sions such as medicine, law, banking and commerce. Answering a viewer's question Asked about radical Islamic in a phone-in, King Hassan said he did not recommend marriages

> cultural or religious backgrounds. France should not integrate into

vote, as has been proposed. Ab-They had free access to profes-

said he doubted if even one per cent of the accusations were true. Amnesty had been invited to

Only one per cent succeeded.

He said Moroccan workers in but had not responded, the king the host society or be allowed to monitored in Rabat.

Ceausescu in Iran despite turmoil at home

NICOSIA (AP) — Romanian President Nicoláe Ceausescu arrived in Tehran Monday on a three-day official visit amid mounting violence in his country and political turmoil in Eastern

are likely waiting until their inquiries are completed in their or four months before starting criminal proceedings. It reported police "have for some time suspected who the sanjani. killers are, but the painstaking

assembly of evidence has been a

told a secret, five-nation summit long task. Fraser identified Ahmad Jib-ril's radical Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command as among groups under investigation. The Sunday Times said Scot-

tish police are expected Monday

to interview Mohammad Abu

Talb, a member of the radical

Palestinian Popular Struggle

Front who is in a Swedish prison

awaiting the verdict of a trial for

bomb attacks.

Tehran Radio, monitored in Cyprus, said Ceausescu was given a red-carpet welcome by his Iranian countepart Hashemi Raf-

The Romanian News Agency Agerpres, making no mention of any unrest in his country, had earlier reported Ceausescu's departure from Bucharest airport. His wife Elena, the second most powerful person in the country, stayed behind although she usually accompanies her husband on trips abroad.

in Iran last week. "The Iran-Romania summit is

an expression of the positive

Ceausescu will finalise agreements reached by the Tebran-Bucharest Commission that met

course of relations between our countries and people," Ceauses-cu told a Tehran-based English language daily, the Tehran

Contacts so far were having good results "especially in economic and technical-scientific cooperation," he said in excerpts quoted by the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA). The interview apparently was conducted

earlier in Bucharest. Tehran Radio reported Sunday that Iran will export about 1 million barrels of oil and 1 billion cubic metres of natural gas a year to Romania.

The agreement was concluded Sunday at a meeting between Iranian Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeh and visiting Romanian Deputy Prime Minister Ion

It was Tehran's third large gas agreement this year with an East Bloc country. Romania is Iran's second big-

gest trading partner in Eastern Europe, with an estimated volume this year of about \$1.8

Iran earlier this year announced plans to export 5 million metric tonnes of crude oil to Romania in return for tractors, oil drilling equipment and military equipment, including tanks.

IRNA reported that under the Sunday's agreement, Romania will supply equipment for con-structing Tehran's subway

Romanian experts are also working with the Iranians on a major irrigation dam project at Raveh, 30 kilometres south of Tehran.

Ayatoliah Ali Khamenei visited Romania in February, when he was Iran's president. He was chosen as the country's spiritual leader last June following the death of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khmeini.

Romania sealed its border with

Yugoslavia to all but official traffic Monday after an anti-government demonstration erupted into violence in the west Romanian city of Timisoara.

Budapest Radio, quoting unidentified witnesses, said Monday that Romanian security forces had sealed off Timisopara, the country's fourth largest city Romanian emigres said

tled security forces over the weekend after ransacking a library and burning books by Ceausescu. Ceausescu, who was elected Romanian Communist Party

chief on March 22, 1965, is the

thousands of demonstrators bat-

longest-serving Soviet Bloc He has stamped out almost all dissent in Romania. His crash industrialisation programmes and his frantic efforts to repay all of Romania's \$11 billion debt have led to perennial shortages of con-

Sumer 200ds

pean Commission said Monday it was too early to start negotiations on Turkey becoming a full mem-ber of the European Community

EC tells Turkey too

early for membership

"It is not possible to begin negotiations in the immediate future," Matutes told a news con-But he added: "This does not

call into question Turkey's eligibility in principle to become a full member of the community one Atmouncing the commission's response to Turkey's 1987 request to join, Mediterranean Affairs Commissioner Abel Ma-

He said to meet Turkey's desire for closer links, the commission — the EC's executive arm had drawn up plans for a customs union between the community and Turkey, renewed financial cooperation, industrial and technological help and increased poli-

tical contacts. A final decision on Turkey's nomic and monetary union, be-application will rest with EC govfore it accepted new members, ernments.

.Junblatt urges Hrawi to take faster action

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Druze for an immediate end to Lebaleader Walid Jumblatt urged non's confessional political sys-Lebanese President Elias Hrawi tem, said the pact was effectively Monday to move faster to prevent the partition of the embat-

tled country along sectarian lines. "The country is threatened more than ever. Partition is being. consecrated in Lebanon...the fate of the country is at stake," he told Beirut's independent Al Nahar newspaper.

Junblatt, head of the Syrianplained that the government had not devised a way to resolve the crisis with defiant Christian army general Michel Aoun.

"We must turn the government into a war or emergency cabinet to head or contain partition..." be said.

Hrawi was elected last month under terms of an Arab League peace plan, but Aoun who controls the Christian enclave including east Beirut does not recognise him as Lebanon's legitimate leader.

Junblatt, who criticised the

plan because it did not provide

support it. He also lashed out at the Vatican, accusing it of supporting Lebanon's partition to set up a "Christian state." He said Pope John Paul declined last week to keep Arab

dead because of Aoun's refusal to

peace mediators seeking the Vatican's influence over Aoun to end the crisis. "The Pope's refusal backed Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) and minister of public works in Hrawi's cabinet, com-Arab League envoy Lakhdar

Ibrahimi discussed efforts to achieve peace in Lebanon with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz Sunday, Iraq's INA news agency said. It said Ibrahimi briefed Aziz on

talks in Paris earlier this month between French officials and Arab foreign ministers mediating in Lebanon's 14-year-old war. The foreign ministers of Sandi Arabia and Algeria held talks in Baghdad last week with President Saddam Hussein.

Iraq has given backing in the

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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past to Aoun.

HORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

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15:45 Children programmes
18:09 News summary in Arabic
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Al Assens pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy 623672 Dr. Ahmad Al Nagouri (—)

Dr. Fayez Jallouqa .

EMERGENCIES

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA

ess Haya Hospital (03)314111

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 94:45 Singapore, Knala Lumpur (RJ)

Agaba (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Muscat, Dubai (RJ) Duba, Bahrain (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Kuwait (RJ) 17:00 Other Flights (Terminal 2) 10:30 12:20 . Catro (MS 13:15

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DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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21-30	Esals Lumpur, Singapore

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg. 450 / 400 220 / 180 420 / 380 500 / 450 160 / 120 850 / 750 260 / 220 Gospefrait 220 / 170 120 / 80 210 / 160 260 / 200 Onion (gre 160 / 120 220 / 180 Orange (Shamouti) Fepper (hot) 280 / 220 290 / 230 140 / 100 500 / 400 90 / 60



Badran to present policy statement to Parliament

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran will present his government's policy statement Tuesday to the Lower House of

Post quoted parliament to win a vote of confior a line deace.

ler in the Sile be chaired by House Speaker
in on the Sile man Arar will later decide
was decliment's policy statement before

thed at the Young.

e unawate The House's Foreign Affairs sed when I sign to review foreign policy the I sign to review foreign policy foreign. The Lordan News Agenaffairs. The Jordan News Agento ey, Petra, said that the committee rea better; members had a general discussion

of the political developments in the Middle East region and Jor-dan's national role with regards to these developments.

Petra said that the committee, which is chaired by Mr. Taher Al Masri, a former foreign minister, will continue its meet-ings in the coming week to work out a framework for its function within the context of parliament.

Another committee, a committee which contests various government policies, Monday elected Nayef Al Hadid as chairman and Faris Al Nabulsi as the committee's rapporteur.

return to life

By Odeh Odeh Cob. Special to the Jordan Times

Object AMMAN — Addust Ransin de crops Omar, the Journal Writers' Association in the Journal Writers' Association in the last (JWA), Monday expressed grating to the company of the Minister Mudar and Minister of Culture AMMAN - Abdul Rahim head Badran and Minister of Culture pied to the supported JWA during the ordeal to the A to the control it passed through under a governoccupied in 1987.

During a celebration the JWA th reliable ated at the Professional Union thon Building in Amman, speeches were made hailing the JWA members and lauding the government's decision to revoke the 100 1987 decision and to reactivate

Upper House of Parliament member Husni Ayesh called for democracy atmospheres to pre-vail at universities, schools, and all other institutions. He also

execute: Shawabkeh. (Petra)

urged citizens to prepare them-selves for this "wonderful atmosphere." He also called for the preservation of democracy through respect for others' opin-

Jordan Press Association President Hashem Khreisat said the government's decision to rescind the order to dissolve the IWA "provides joyful atmosphere to all the press family."

We celebrate this decision after the reversing of the Economic Security Committee decision on the press," he noted.

Novelist Salem Nahas described the government measure as a step toward democracy. He congratulated all JWA members, who were firm in defending the JWA's sound positions."

The gathering observed a oneminute silence in memory of late JWA member Galeb Halazah. who passed away in Damascus after spending 32 years away

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Abidine Ibn Ali while flying through the Jordanian airspace. Ibn Ali capressed best wishes and good health to the King. (Petra)

CONDOLENCES: His Majesty King Hussein Monday delegated

This is KING RECEIVES IBN ALI'S CABLE: His Majesty King Hussein I Tailey Monday received a cable from the Tunisian President Zine Al

eet line the Chief of Royal Protocol to convey his sympathy to the

aks the Shawabkeh family on the death of the late Karim Hussein Al

alls for it. PRINCE MOHAMMAD CONDOLES: His Royal Highness

the or Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King newed in Hussein, Monday delegated director of his office Turki Khreisha to

lustrials convey his condolences to the Shawabkeh family on the death of the

Robert Bowker called on Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi Monday and handed him a message from the

"AW non's Ambassador Butros Ziyadeh who came to express his

te ent p between Jordan and Egypt in social security affairs and ways to boost

CI WES ARABIYYAT RECEIVES MERCHANTS: Minister of Agricul-

and council members of the Agricultural Products Merchants lout at Association and discussed with them the importance of the private

t of sector in supporting the agricultural movement. Arabiyyat stressed tion is the need to promote and bolster scopes of cooperation between the

; 10 III ZAKAT DEPARTMENTS HOLD TALKS: Heads of Zakat (alms

ver Aug for the poor) departments in various regions held a meeting in

Popels Amman Monday to discuss financial assistance to the poor. The head

of the Zakat Fund at the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Sheikh Mohammad Shaqra said that there will be an increase in the

RENOVATION OF KARAK FORTRESS: Department of Anti-

Ministry June 2 Director General Ghazi Bisheh Monday visited the Karak Minist quities Director General Ghazi Bisheh Monday visited the Karak

the current economic condition in the Kingdom. (Petra)

121 pull cooperation within the Arab Cooperation Council. (Petra)

LAWZI RECEIVES ENVOYS: Australian Ambassador to Jordan

Australian parliament, congratulating him on his election as speaker

Bowker and Lawzi discussed cooperation between the Australian

OBEIDAT RECEIVES EGYPTIAN ENVOY: Labour Minister

Osseem Obeidat Monday received in his office Egyptian Ambassador to Jordan Mahab Muqbel and discussed with him cooperation

time Saleiman Arabiyyat received in his office Monday the chairman

public and private sectors to achieve integration in agricultural

volume of monthly assistance given to needy families in the light of

being made by a Czechoslovak team in cooperation with the Natural inclass. Resources Authority and the Department of Antiquities. (Petra)

and Jordanian parliaments. Later Monday, Lawzi received Leba-

nd inkas. late Karim Hussein Al Shawabkeh. (Petra)

congratulations to Lawzi. (Petra)

Faqir chairs meeting on pilgrimage AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Al

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation representing bedomin tribes in the Ma'an Governorate called

on Prime Minister Mudar Badran Monday and

congratulated him on his appointment. Speakers at the meeting, which was attended by Parliament Speaker Suleiman Arar, voiced their alle-

Faqir Monday chaired a meeting at his office to discuss issues pertaining to the annual pilgrimage to Mecca.

He announced that the Ministry of Awqaf, which is responsible for the transportation of Muslim pilgrims to and from Mecca, announced that it will set up a national company to be charged with the whole process of trans-portation of pilgrims and their accommodation in Medina and Mecca, in Saudi Arabia, during

the pilgrimage season. The projected company will be charged with conducting essential services for the pilgrims and will be responsible to the Ministry of

Awqaf and Islamic Affairs, Fagir

Badran receives representatives from Ma'an

According to the minister, a general meeting will be held in Amman Thursday grouping ministry representatives and those of the various transport companies to look into matters related to the transportation and accommodation of pilgrims until the projected company has been

In the past year, nearly 15,000 pilgrims from Jordan made the pilgrimage to Mecca.

Among those attending the meeting at the Ministry of Awqaf Monday was the ministry's Secretary General Ahmad



Ali Al Faqir

giance to the Hashemite throne and their total

support for the government. The prime minister

thanked the visitors and expressed his apprecia-tion of the Ma'an citizens' feelings and support for

his government (Petra photo)

Court rescinds decision to retire professor and ministry official

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Higher Court of Justice in Jordan has rescinded a decision taken earlier by the military governor to remove Dr. Hammam Sa'id from his post as professor at the University of Jordan.

The court also cancelled an earlier decision by the military governor terminating the services of Dr. Yousef Al Haiajneh from the Ministry of Industry and

the former military governor who is also the prime minister.

The military governor normally endorses verdicts and sentences issued by the military court since the country is still under martial law rule which has been in existence since the 1967 Middle East

The Lower House of Parliament in its reply to a speech from the throne demanded that the martial law be scrapped, and Prime Minister Mudar Badran ment will re-examine the law before taking any steps in that

But since taking office, Badran has reversed a number of decisions taken by the former admi-

The new government ordered the release of political detainees, the return of seized passports, reactivated the Jordan Writers Association (JWA) and returned the previous boards of directors

Audit bureau uncovers cases of embezzlement in 4 departments

AMMAN (Petra) — The Central Audit Bureau has uncovered cases involving embezziements of public funds at four official government departments and referred those responsible to the concerned courts, according to an announcement here Monday.

The announcement said that the bureau is in the process of referring other people, also involved in embezzlement, to the court for trial after completing preliminary procedures in this re-

The announcement was made by the bureau's Director General Dr. Hashem Al Dabbas at a meeting with senior bureau officials and heads of control depart-

ments affiliated to his office. He said thanks to the officials' scrutiny and investigations into various government spending, a total of JD 379,625 has been saved in October and November

While discussing a number of formance.

Audit Bureau, Dabbas called on the 36 control departments to work out a plan by which they can monitor spending on develop-ment schemes and follow up matters related to financial situations pertaining to schemes in various regions of the Kingdom.

He also asked that training courses and seminars be organised to increase the efficiency of the staff and improve their per-

Comoros envoy receives Jordan's gift of medicine

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan's gift of medicine to the Comoros Islands is a reaffirmation of the close ties between the two member states of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) and underlines the common Arab features that bind them, according to a senior diplomat from the Indian Ocean island.

afforded me the opportunity to explain to Jordanian officials the recent developments in my country and the difficult times we went through," said Ibrahim Abdullah Ibrahim, the Indian Ocean island's ambassador to Egypt who was visiting Jordan.

Ibrahim, speaking to the Jordan Times shortly before his departure after meeting with senior officials and accepting the Jordanian gift, briefly outlined the events that followed the assassination of President Ahmad Abdullah earlier this month and the present situation in the

"What happened was not a coup, rather a blackmail and terrorism operation, after which the president was shot dead by the 50 mercenaries that have been in the country since 12 years," he said.
Abdullah is believed to have been killed by Bob Denard, a French mercenary who helped

According to Ibrahim, the mo-

him attain power, but Denard has

said that a bodyguard shot the

"My visit to Jordan also. an attempt by the mercenaries to block the application of the re-sults of a plebiscite granting the president a third term.

"This would have enabled the president to continue liberating the rest of the Comoros Islands that are still under French management, and the continuation of the process of economic and social development in the islands,' Ibrahim was quoted as saying to the Arabic daily Sawt Al Shaab.

"Consequently, the state started taking steps to deport them from the country since it no longer needed their services. Ibrahim said to the Jordan Times. "But they started pressing the president, and after heated negotiations they insisted on staying. But the president stood firm on his position, so they assassinated him," he said.

The constitution of the Comoros Islands states that when the presidential post is vacant, the deputy president who is the head of the Supreme Court rules until a new president is elected within 40 days.

Defence agreements between

imply that France should intervene when the islands are threatened by external invasion or danger. "So French troops entered the country and are currently helping in keeping peace and order," Ibrahim said. Adding: "Of course they are there only temporarily and they have to withdraw before a new president is elected on Jan. 14,

On the latest developments in his country Ibrahim said that the mercenaries were deported from the islands last Thursday, and since then things are going back

On the diplomatic relations between Jordan and the Comoros Islands, Ibrahim said that they will be upgraded to the level of ambassadors. "It has been discussed with the secretary general of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and it is soon to be officially

announced," he said. Ibrahim met Monday with the Minister of Education and Higher Education Mohammad Hamdan prior to his departure, during which the two officials discussed ways to enhance educational, scientific and cultural cooperation between the two countries.

He also met with the Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Fagir and discussed means of implementing the OIC resolutions regarding the support of the Palestinians in the occupied territories, in addition to finding ways to enhance the relations between tive behind the assassination was the Comoros Islands and France Jordan and the Comoros Islands.

Committee charged with probing Yarmouk clashes holds 1st meeting ments responsible for the event IRBID (J.T.) — A newly formed the Palestinian intifada held in

parliamentary committee, the campus. charged with investigating the recent student clashes at Yarmouk University, held its first meeting Monday to work out a plan for its work, and elected Fares Al Nabulsi as its chairman.

The move followed Sunday's announcement that 13 people were detained for questioning over the affair which occurred last Wednesday.

Parliament members Saturday demanded that the committee be formed so that full investigation can be conducted and responsible elements are punished for their action.

The clashes, according to a university spokesman took place inside and outside the university cómnound. .

He said that students attacked one another following the end of | Police Day, Fuheid said this officers exert to entrench security a week-long exhibition depicting lanniversary embodies the import- in Jordan.

Addressing the Parliament session Saturday, Prime Minister Mudar Badran denied earlier reports that there were injuries

among the students involved in the fighting, but, he said, ele-Fuheid urges joint Arab

AMMAN (Petra) - Public ance of joint Arab action and Security Department (PSD) expresses the need for genuine Director General Fadel Ali cooperation to attain further Fuheid Monday called for mobi-security and stability for Arab ising efforts of officials in all citizens

Arab countries to fight crime and

on our societies.

efforts to combat crime

will be identified in due course

The prime minister and the

deputies who spoke during the

session strongly condemned the

incident and emphasised the need

for maintaining national unity.

and punished.

Fuheid also paid tribute to the forestall its destructive impacts assistance Jordanian citizens present to security men in combat-Delivering a speech during the ting crime and expressed appre-PSD's celebrations of the Arab ciation for the sincere efforts PSD

Regional seminar on youth, health development opens in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — Delegates community health and will look WHO and UNICEF for their from 18 Arab countries gathered in Amman Monday for a six-day seminar on youth and health development in the Near East re-

The seminar, organised by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and the World Health Organisation (WHO) in cooperation with the Ministries of Health and Youth in Jordan will dwell on the contribution of Youth organisations in the development of

into means of encouraging Arab youth to participate in this fields. environment in the Developing

Addressing the opening session was Health Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben who pointed out that the youth sector forms 20 per cent of the total population of the Arab World, and for this reason they ought to be the focus of attention to contribute to solve

health issues. The minister paid tribute to

World. There were other speeches from regional directors of the two U.N. organisations who called for well defined programmes to involve the youth in health activi-

Several working papers will be reviewed by the delegates who represent various youth organisa-

Abbas Nahleh displays exotic golden works

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The exhibition hall of the Royal Cultural Centre looked more like Ali Baba's cave as it housed the exhibition of Abbas Nahleh, a Lebanese artist who concentrates primarily on Arabic calligraphy, fits it into Islamicstyle frames, all in raised polyester relief-work covered with goldleaf and silver and a few colours that serve to enhance the romantic exoticism

In some of his works he uses the antique Egypto-Roman emblem of a sun disk within a triumphal wreath or within the wings of a deity. In any case, the chalice form is almost always maintained, starting from out into waves and coils, was obviously borrowed from an

Art Nouveau design. Another more successful style, because of its symmetrical balance, utilises a rectangular frame carrying Kufic cal-ligraphy, typical of 11th cen-

Nahleh placed a massive cenor of gold.

with the solid mass. A number of textures are culature below. The weakness of anatomical research and study of movement rids this elaborate relief, which should have taken hours of work, of its strength.

Art Review

A peacock within a more pronouncedly Pharaonic wing formation imposes the use of turquoise enamel colour getting us even closer to Egypt. Within the wings a texture reminiscent of Sarma, or Turkish embroidery is exquisitely beautiful. But the bird's feathers end in a swirling tail that seems to be too heavy and retains the eye which in a work of art should move around the canvas, especially covering major points such as the bird's head which, in this case, bears subdued colour and is closer in tone to the decorative background than to the massive strongly delineated flat forms. Nahleh attempted, very successfully, to transpose his raised surfaces to clay jars or to wooden objects such as a wooden chest or a mirror. Putting both calligraphy and arabesque interlace within a given frame, makes the whole work well contained and in perfect balance.

To someone who sees this style for the first time (provided it fits his taste), this would be a very impressive exhibition. But to fans of his brother and tutor the famous Lebanese artist Wajih Nahleh, these works are almost replicas of the 1960-70 works of his brother. That might have been for-

given, had he not followed his brother's later style of putting various knobs of colour on the palette knife and swirling them around to form variegated multicoloured impressions, bits of calligraphy, or even figures. One figure of a woman has her face decorated with floral intertwining in the man-ner of Isam Assaid, a popular technique which has been extensively used.

Had the works of Abbas Nahleh been more original in their conception or at least in developing a given idea, they would have received great acclaim. To most trained eyes they are little more than craft decorations, but very good ones at that.



WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* An exhibition of paintings and etchings inspired by Arabic Islamic art at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation.

* An art exhibition by artists from Jordan and other Arab countries at Al Wasiti Gallery, Plaza Hotel. * A photography exhibition on French poet de Prevert at the French Cultural Centre.

* The youths art exhibition at the Spanish Cultural Centre. * Contemporary Islamic fine arts exhibition by Abass Nahla at the Royal Cultural Centre.

* An exhibition entitled "The Blue Rider" at the Yarmouk * A plastic art exhibition by Arij Al Hamad and Ibrahim Nabakneh at the University of Jordan.

* A lecture entitled 'seismicity and seismic risk in Jordan" by Dr. Zuhah Al Issa at the Goethe Institute — 7:00 p.m.

*A Soviet documentary entitled "protecting the surroundin environment" at the Soviet Cultural Centre — 5:00 p.m. THEATRE

A play entitled Christmas Carols at the Royal Cultural Centre

A play entitled House Guest at Amman Plaza Hotel -- 9:30

the centre below swelling out only to embrace intricate designs, arabesques, stylised animals etc. The use of this antique emblem is very much in line Art Nouveau design at the beginning of this century. In fact, one of his works, called "Dancing Swans" portrays herons within a golden circle. The circle, parts of which swirl

tury Egypt. Within the frame one could find calligraphy or Persian arabesques. Within some of his works.

tral design like the name of "Allah" or a raised manuscript over a very intricately decorated framework. That, in turn, is centralised against a flat golden background. The purity of the background gives it a sense of majesty and solemnity that far overcomes the use of intricate decoration To modernise these works,

or to balance them, Nahleh stretches one lower corner into the frame while the facing edge recoils abruptly. This forms a slight imbalance in the work which being monumental in itself, does not need this push outward or the tiny protrusion that appears at the base of another work, and which seems to be out of proportion

used to fill the background, a creased application of goldleaf, raised surface decorations and a most exotic texture created through the dripping technique, where drops of one metallic colour fall on others and form oreoles. All these contribute to an antiquated texture which is finally worked up to a

A relief of a horse with his neck pulled back in strong contraposto (counterpoint) is juxtaposed over a grid of geomet-ric Islamic design. All this is embraced by a couple of "Wings of Horus" covered with a patina of gold and silver. It would have been more appreciated if the elongation and thrust of the neck would have left a better studied mus-

metallic sheen often incorpor-

ating tonal effects of colour.

golden tail which includes

Jordan Times

جوربن تابعز بومية عربية سيضية مستقلة تمعر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة المسحلية الأربنية

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Christmas gifts

ONE of the last decisions that the U.S. Congress has adopted before recessing for Christmas and the new year was to appropriate additional military and economic aid to Israel to the tune of \$666 million. That amount is of course over and above the \$3 billion of annual aid to Israel. The Arab World and people can only view this additional aid to Israel as a last minute Christmas bonus for good behaviour. What adds insult to injury is the fact that Israel is no Christian country and under normal rules and practices does not even qualify for Christmas gifts. But, of course, Israel is no normal protege of Washington and what applies to the rest of mankind does not apply to it.

What concerns the Arabs most is why and what Israel has done lately to qualify for that gratuity. One is at pains to discern just one special magnificent deed that Tel Aviv has contributed to qualify as a Good Samaritan and receive such a bounty on the occasion of the holiest of the holy days of Christianity. Is it conceivable that Israel's lip service to the U.S. Secretary of States James Baker's five elastic points that made her a hero worthy of a rapid reward? Why haven't all the Arab parties, which blessed and welcomed the Baker initiative, received any Christmas gifts as well. Is it not enough that Israel's conditional acceptance of the Baker plan is tactical, must it also be rewarded for its duplicity?

The Arab World is angered and must be angered by Washington's continuous favoured treatment of Israel and has the right to ask many questions about the real intents and purposes of the Baker initiative. Above all, is the latest mitiative, like all those that preceded it, simply to serve as some kind of opium to sedate the Arab peoples into believing that there is something out there when in fact there is nothing? Israel has successfully taken the entire world, especially the Arab World, on many rides in the past and present by pretending to accept the various plans and proposals put forward by mankind to put in motion one kind of peace initiative or another. Now, at last, the Arab peoples are wide awake and have become immune to the various dosages of opium administered to them in every season of the year in a seemingly endless cycle. The Arabs are fast losing patience and are cailing for clear positions ses from all the norties and intermediaries. Above all they would like the year 1990 to be the decisive year for determining which way the so-called peace process is heading. Meanwhile they would appreciate it very much if the U.S. would suspend giving Israel so many goodies until Israel makes clear what its real intentions are to the satisfaction of all sides. Otherwise, the granting of normal aid and over the counter aid must be construed as hostile acts and policies against the entire Arab peoples and

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i Arabic daily on Monday praised the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) countries for their continued endeavours to strengthen their group economically and politically in the face of various groupings now being formed around the world. The paper said that any strength of any group within the Arab World is bound to benefit the whole Arab Nation. We are not only proud of the measures being taken by the GCC states which started their meetings Monday to plan for the coming decade, but we are also deeply gratified for Saudi Arabia and its sister states for their assistance to Jordan at a time when the Kingdom was in bad economic situation, the paper noted. It said the GCC states had set a good example for the rest of the Arab countries and their efforts to unite had inspired the rest of the Arab World to embark on forming economic groupings which would ultimately lead to unity among the Arab countries. The paper also noted that with the creation of the GCC and the Arab Cooperation Council as well as the Maghreb Union one can only feel optimistic about the future of the Arab World in the coming decade.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily on Monday urges the government of Prime Minister Mudar Badran to follow up the democratisation process with the release of political prisoners from the Swaqa prison south of Amman. Fakhri Kawar says that the prison still houses 65 political prisoners who were convicted for their ideological beliefs and there are others who are detained now and awaiting trial for similar charges. The writer says some of the Swaqa prisoners have spent 18 or 16 years in jail and it is time for the government to contemplate setting them free in the open and democratic atmosphere the country is living now. The free and democratic atmosphere prevailing in Jordan at present will no doubt prompt the government to take a very bold step and release those jailed for their affiliation to various political parties which are no longer banned in the Kingdom, says the writer. The writer refers to the government's earlier decisions to release passports, resurrect the Jordan Writers Association and other measures as very constructive steps in the march for democratic rule, and expresses hope that the government will now turn its attention to those jailed or detained for political or ideological reasons, and

Al Dustour daily said that public freedom in Jordan has been enhanced lately with the government's measures which were welcomed by all sectors and political factions. The release of the seized passports, the setting free of detained persons and the resurrection of the Jordan Writers Association were bery constructive steps leading to democratic life and in line with the new and very positive atmosphere in the Kingdom, the paper noted. But it said that the government of Prime Minister Mudar Badran seems aiming to crown such positive measures by scrapping the martial rule in Jordan, thus completing a series of measures that can only bolster the meaning of democracy in the country. The paper paid tribute to Mr. Badran for his wisdom and courageous stand which, it said, is helping to introduce a real qualitative transformation in Jordanian people's lives.

U.S.-British relationship in flux as world order changes

By Carol Giacomo Reuter

WASHINGTON - The United States has tried hard to reassure Britain that it is not being eclipsed by West Germany as the main partner of U.S. European policy, but analysts say the "special relationship" could be

The dizzying political upheaval in Eastern Europe, and the debate over German reunification, has necessarily placed the American strategic focus squarely on the Germanys, West and East, U.S. officials and other experts

say. West Germany, home to 300,000 U.S. troops as NATO's lessen the emphasis on the U. frontline against the Warsaw British bilateral relationship.

Pact, has long been a European financial centre. Now, Washington views it as crucial to manag-

ing political change.
"I don't have the impression that Britain and the United States are not dealing with each other as partners," said Helmut Sonnenfeldt, a former State Department official who now is with the Brookings Institution, a liberal

"It's just that the focus has to be on Germany because they are so directly involved (in the European reordering) and it's a tricky political situation...Germany is a concern to everyone."

Some experts say the realignment under way in Europe may lessen the emphasis on the U.S.-

"U.S. foreign policy is changing, as is British foreign policy," one U.S. official said.

"British foreign policy will be increasingly tied, whether Mrs. Thatcher likes it or not, to the European Community. The question is whether we and the British want to continue to place as much emphasis on bilateral relations as we do now," he said.

The two shared a rapport and an ideological anti-Communist fervour. Thatcher saw herself as

first among alliance equals. British diplomats say Reagan's successor, President George Bush, telephones Thatcher often. She visited him at the Camp David presidential retreat outside Washington ahead of his first summit with Soviet leader

NEWS ANALYSIS

During the eight years of Mikhail Gorbachev.

But Sonnenfeldt says there is Ronald Reagan's presidency, there was a perception of exceptional U.S.-British closeness, in large measure because of the personal ties between the U.S. leader and Prime Minister Mar-

no question that Bush's relationship with Thatcher is cooler. Added a U.S. official: "I think the Bush administration will see the Anglo-American relationship as one of several special rela-friction: London's decision to re-

tionships, along with Germany, Japan, Canada and Mexico."

A new look at U.S.-British ties was fanned by Britain's Fleet Street press, which saw a postsummit Bush speech urging NATO to quicken the pace of European integration and commit itself to deep arms cuts as a sign of a rift with Thatcher.

She has been less than enthusiastic about both those ideas. The media speculation promp-

ted Bush to call Thatcher and assure her the "special relationship" was intact. Secretary of State James Baker hastily rearranged his five-day European trip last week to include a London visit with Thatcher.

patriate Vietnamese refugees forcibly from Hong Kong. U.S. and British officials admit

they have tried to play down the dispute but acknowledge fundamental differences. The White House branded London's policy unacceptable, which in the Anglo-American context consti-

tutes strong disapproval.

All this adds up to a relationship that will remain fundamentally close while Washington's emphasis shifts quietly towards a more even-handed approach to Europe.

American-British relations have shifted over a long time (and) I guess this shift will continue. But I believe there's a baseline (And) I don't think the relationship will go beyond that," Brookings's Sonnenfeldt said.

Peace movement seeks new role as cold war thaws

By Nicholas Doughty

BRUSSELS — Remember the thousands who marched against the nuclear missiles in Europe and were dismissed by most Western governments as idealis-

What are they doing now that their dreams are turning into reality and the cold war is fading into

The peace movement, like the military and pro-nuclear establishment it has fought for years, is seeking a new role. We are in a period where the

symbols of war are falling all around," said Sylvie Mantrant. international coordinator for the European Nuclear Disarmament

"The Western peace move-

ments know we must reassess our goals and methos of campaigning," said Meg Beresford, secretary-general of Britain's Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament (CND). "People are no longer so afraid of nuclear war, it is harder

for us to get our message across." Both women were present at a meeting of peace campaigners in Brussels last month which found fresh hope in the political reforms sweeping Eastern Europe.

"We are going to be able to work with people in countries like East Germany, Poland or Czechoslovakia quite openly now," Beresford told Reuters. "Before, we had to keep those

contacts pretty secret."

The tide of "people power" behind what was once the iron curtain carries with it many who

nuclear weapons scrapped and huge cuts in military spending. Some of those people, in the

reform movements, may well end up in government," said Jane Mayes, a British representative for European nuclear disarma-ment. That gives us fantastic opportunities for cooperation," sbe said

The heady days of the early 1980s, when thousands marched across Western Europe to protest against the deployment of cruise and medium-range missiles by NATO, have gone.

A 1987 superpower treaty provided for the scrapping of those missiles and deprived the peace movement of obvious protest targets, such as the Greenham Common airbase in southern England where cruise missiles were

Now East and West are talking in Vienna about major reductions in conventional weapons and there is the prospect of treaties

next year that could halve the superpowers' strategic nuclear arsenals and cut chemical weapons stocks. But those who campaign for an end to nuclear weaponry emphatically reject suggestions that his-tory has passed them by, or that the 16-nation NATO alliance has

"The arguments of the military have no validity. NATO and the "hawks' are making no real changes," said Beresford.

been proved right in its strategy

of maintaining military strength.

"We would all like to go home and just look after our gardens, but the military programmes are

continuing ... had it not been for the peace movement's activities in the early 1980s, none of these changes would have been

clear on the details of how it can help reshape the map of Europe. The Brussels meeting, just a few miles down the road from NATO headquarters, was called to organise a unique international peace conference to be held next

But the peace movement is less

The venue will be a large ferry that will travel between Helsinki in neutral Finland and Tallin in the Soviet Union — a symbolic bridging of East and West.

"We are still working out the details of how the movement can

convention next summer will deal

with that," said Beresford. environmental questions moreinto the peace movement as a way of revitalising it.

Other campaigners want to work towards creating a federal, neutral, nuclear-free Europe which would include other countries beyond the 12-member Enropean Community.

"In changing times, we have an enormous contribution to make. to helping build East-West rela-tions," said Mantrant.

"We must learn to be loval. neither to East nor West nor to particular countries, but to ourselves. We must try to give all citizens the choice about how the relationship between European take a broader approach and the peoples should develop," she

Egypt likely to crack down on militants after murder bid

By John Fullerton Reuter

CAIRO — Egypt is likely to launch a fresh crackdown on Muslim fundamentalists after a botched attempt on Saturday to kill hardline Interior Minister Zaki Badr, analysts and diplomats said Sunday.

Asked whether a roundup of outlawed opponents of President Hosni Mubarak's government was likely, political commentator Tahseen Bashir replied: "de-

A Western diplomat told Reuters: "this (attack) could lead to a new wave of arrests.'

A pick-up truck carrying explosives blew up 30 metres from Badr's motorcade in Cairo Saturday morning but the minister was not hurt. "It was not an accident. It was

an attack," one interior ministry source said. Badr, 53, a former police general, is Mubarak's most outsary of muslim militancy. Killing, amputation and the use of live ammunition are the only methods against those who

use terrorism as their means," he told the Paris-based Al Watan Al Arabi newspaper last February. Islamic militants pose the most serious domestic threat to Mubarak and anti-government violence

in the past has prompted security sweeps to round up dissidents. Some analysts say Badr's role as the government's strongarm allows Mubarak to press ahead with attempts at democratisation. but others accuse the minister of

aggravating dissent. Badr has ordered the arrest of thousands of people in what is widely regarded as the Arab World's most open society.

Most militants have since been freed without being charged, but civil rights workers say scores are still held under special emergency powers introduced after Mubarak's predecessor. Anwar Sadat, was shot dead by religious zealots

Civil rights groups periodically accuse Badr's security forces of beating or torturing prisoners. Witnesses said the truck used in Saturday's attack was burned

out in the blast, but the amount of explosives used appeared to be While explosives are commonly used by many underground groups in the Middle East, they

are the exception rather than the rule in Egypt. Firearms were used in attempts to kill two former Egyptian in-terior ministers in 1987. Hassan Abu Basha was seriously injured while Nabawi Ismail escaped un-

The interior ministry said a man was arrested running from the scene of Saturday's attack. It said he carried false identity papers issued in Fayoum, an oasis town southwest of Cairo known as a stronghold of Islamic mili-

The papers identified the suspect as a 24-year-old student,

A wildly popular radio drama

also has its roots in Taiwan's past,

focusing on the period of

Japanese occupation from 1895 to

1945. Liao Tien-Ting is Taiwan's

Robin Hood, who robs Japanese

imperialists and gives to the poor.

parallels between Japan's occupa-

tion and Nationalist government domination in Taiwan. Its

announcer has entered politics

and is a strong supporter of the

opposition Democratic Progres-

Taiwan's recent election cam-

paign, the first multiparty race in

its history, also made use of the

past and stirred feelings of self-identity for Taiwanese.

One successful candidate for

The show draws thinly veiled

police said they were trying to establish whether he was working alone or was backed by any clandestine organisation.

Analysts said the attempt on Badr's life might be linked to a clash between fundamentalist students and police in the central Egyptian city of Assint last

Badr ordered the arrest of 300 Muslim hardliners after the skirmishes in which several protesters and policemen were hurt. He said some of the demonstrators were armed with petrol bombs, sticks and knives.

Badr was appointed interior minister after riots by police conscripts in 1986. He joined a cabinet which had developed a relatively open political system with six political parties and several opposition newspapers and magazines.

Badr has said he has the heart of a wolf and brains like shoes an Arabic phrase meaning that he is hard-headed or stubborn.

The strength, weakness of democracy

By Robert H. Reid The Associated Press

rhetorical, partly because of a ing out to be another Marcos." fragmented political system designed to prevent rather than 1986 "people power revolution" encourage decisive presidential

make sweeping changes in her one-man rule.

administration and style of leadfrom the political, economic and social damage brought on by the Dec. 1-9 military mutiny that

nearly ousted her. More than a week after the last of the rebels surrendered, there as planned: Congress refused to: has been no cabinet change nor give the administration everyany announcement of major thing it wanted. shifts in domestic policy.

But the Philippine political system, which Mrs. Aquino proudly describes as a "restored democracy," is designed not for speed, but to divide power after 20 years of strongman rule under the late. .President Ferdinand Marcos.

For better or worse, the Aquino administration and the electorate it represents are discovering what that entails in time

In a bid restore public confidence, Mrs. Aguino declared on Dec. 6 a state of national emergency. Ten days after the announcement, the emergency exists in name only because congress has not ratified the final version of a bill spelling out what new powers she can wield.

On Monday, the senate and house of representatives took up a compromise version worked out by a legislative conference committee last week.

But the compromise formula grants few new powers beyond price controls, state operation of public utilities and recovery of "loose firearms."

Congress also amended the original proposal to require adherence to the constitution, language that virtually guarantees court challenges once the government begins implementing the bill.

For example, the compromise bill does not allow the government to arrest suspects without coup attempt, warrants or circumvent other legal restraints. Congress watered down proposed curbs on the right to strike, media reporting and powers of search and seizure.

Even with the changes, the emergency powers bill has stirred considerable adverse comment among a people with bitter memories of martial law, which Marcos imposed from 1972 until

We see a repeat of the Marcos

Globe. "Marcos refused to heed MANILA, Philippines — The appeals for reform. Instead, he government's efforts to repair the declared a state of emergency, damage wrought by the recent then imposed martial law... now

In the heady days after the that toppled the Marcos administration, Mrs. Aquino appointed a It is widely assumed here that commission to draft a new con-President Corazon Aquino must stitution to guarantee no more

The commission restored the ership if the nation is to recover U.S.-style bicameral legislature precisely because Marcos had been successful in transforming the single-house national assembly into a rubber-stamo chamber.

Last week, the system worked

NEWS ANALYSIS:

The constitutional system limits the Philippine government's emergency options to a far greater extent than those in place in Malaysia, Singapore and elsewhere in Asia.

The president is constitutionally empowered to declare a state emergency "and under reasonable terms... temporarily take over or direct the operations of any privately owned public utility or business affected by the public

No other powers were cited in the constitution.

Even if she had declared martial law, Mrs. Aquino would bardly have a free legal hand unless she took the dangerous political step of scrapping her own constitution entirely.

For example, the constitution stipulates that martial law "does not suspend the operation of the constitution" nor the functioning of congress and the civilian

She could order arrest without warrants for 60 days, but congress is empowered to overrule the decree after 48 hours. ...

Mrs. Aquino does retain the power to dismiss her cabinet. which had been widely criticised as ineffective months before the

Presidential staff sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, say Mrs. Aquino is preparing to drop some cabinet members but plans no massive shakeup because she believes

much of the criticism is unfair. She has also delayed such a move to avoid appearing to have. bowed to demands of the mutineers, whom she has dismissed as "evil men" simply seeking

spoken and unequivocal adver-Youssef Hassan Mahmoud, and Taiwanese gain voice as intellectuals probe past

By John Pomfret The Associated Press

TAIPEI, Taiwan - Like a pack of angry archaeologists, artists and intellectuals in Taiwan are excavating the dark past of the Nationalist government. Their efforts are giving a new voice and visibility to the often-suppressed

native Taiwanese. Movies, court cases, a radio drama and the recent election campaign have created a flood of sure on this island of 20 million to confront its past. The trend also has created an outlet for native Taiwanese, who constitute 85 per cent of the population but have had scant political influence since 1949, when the Nationalist Party seized power in Taiwan after losing a civil war to the Communists in mainland China

We are awakening after a long sleep," says Antonio Chiang, editor of the prestigious Journalist magazine. "We are long sleep," finally learning who we are, where we came from." Taiwanese always have re-

garded their rocky island as "the orphan of Asia," as a popular song goes. Since the 17th century, they have been ruled by Spaniards, Dutch, Japanese and Chinese from the mainland. When the nationalists took power, they imposed the culture of the mainland on the little island. Mandarin Chinese replaced Taiwanese dialect in the

classroom and students were

fined if they spoke the local

Patois, Taiwanese history was

subsumed by Chinese history.

Only fools or gangsters spoke

Taiwanese on television.

my teacher made me stand with a board around my neck saying, 'I'll never speak Taiwanese again'," said Chen Shui-Pien. a leading opposition politician. The mainlanders made us feel like Taiwanese natives were second-class citizens."

A change came in 1987, when then President Chiang Ching-Kno ended 38 years of martial law. Taiwan's astounding economic growth had created an increasingly sophisticated population that no longer tolerated

The government relaxed its tight controls on the press, legalised opposition political parties and began tolerating some dis-The trend gained momentum

harsh political repression.

tragedy in Tiananmen Square sparked Taiwanese to probe Nationalist abuses. In October, "City of Sorrow," an award-winning film, opened in Taiwan to packed houses. The movie was the first to explore the massacre of Feb. 28, 1947, when Nationalist troops slaughtered

tens of thousands of Taiwanese after clashes between island natives and mainland immigrants. A deaf mute plays the central role and witnesses of the horrors a powerful metaphor for Taiwan's intellectuals.

It is portrayal of a gangster

clan, the movie probes the politi-

cally sensitive question of orga-

nised crime's influence over poli-

tics. Ironically, the film is re-

ported to be backed by gangland

the legislature, Yeh Chu-Lan, in June, when Communist advocated independence from Chinese troops in Beijing crushed China, a seditious act under the constitution. Her victory gave a pro-democracy movement. The voice to an undercurrent of support, especially among native Taiwanese, for cutting all ties with Beijing.
In the local political lexicon,

> land China as well as Taiwan. Taiwanese folk songs filled the air at her rallies. A theatre troupe acted out scenes of alleged Nationalist brutality — the 1947 killings and the death of Yeh's husband, a dissident who immolated himslef in April to escape

police interrogation.

independence means rejection of

the Nationalist claim to be the

legitimate government of main-

The troupe also portrayed scenes from a 1979 riot in the southern city of Kaoshiung. On Dec. 10, 1979, tens of thousands of people demons-

trated in Kaohsiung for human rights and hundreds were injured in a brawl. The government rounded up more than 150 dissidents and dozens were sentenced to long prison terms. A celebrated court case also

has returned attention to the

bloody clash. In September, fugi-

tive dissident Hsu Hsin-Liang,

wanted for allegedly fomenting the riot, was arrested as he tried to slip into Taiwan on a fishing Hsu's case sparked exposes in the increasingly free press. In October, the Journalist reported that police used torture and intimidation to extract confessions from participants in the riot. Other reports have called for an investigation of the killings of the

"The government should have forgotten the case and welcomed Hsu back," said opposition figure

wife and . daughter of one of the

Kaohsiung dissidents, Lin Yi-

Hsiung, imprisoned after the

Chen, also Hsu's attorney. "Instead, they were too worried about losing face, so they're prosecuting him. That has opened up this old wound and the opposition is profiting from the controversy.

Some intellectuals oppose this use of Taiwan's history and culture as a political weapon. Hou Hsiao-Hsien, who directed "City of Sorrow," says

he made the movie to return history to the people. "The Nationalists and the oppoistion are using the Feb. 28 incident like a trump card," he

said in a recent interview.

he 12-ment

рп*аов* 10 🛤 East-West E

nunity. mes. We have:

An environmental metamorphosis — a nightmare?

MAN — Never before have ions been so closely bound ether as we see today, exerting wer and cooperating towards king the growing environmen-problems affecting us worl-

the only parties concerned us, industrialists, religious diders and the layman are today is shift will be problem.

that Dr. Abdul Latif Al Hammad don't think bector general of the Arab Fund so beyond bector general or the rectal Delooment, says that "despite the areness, decisions and shared reptions at an international vel, human activities continue change the composition of the mosphere and earth."

To name just a few of environo bring manges brought about by atmosental metamorphosis: climatic questions and anges prought are evident, acimovement to depositions cause forest and her damages: unplanned urban vansion is a major concern in eating a lette Arab World; depletion of il-free Engources is a nightmare for plan-

Climatic change is not only a problem in itself, but it also leads to a great number of different problems. Hammad points out that rainfall and monsoon pat-terns could change so dramatical-ly to the point of destroying agricultural activities worldwide Although some countries would benefit from this change, their number is minimal and the ma-jority of agriculture would be destroyed, Hammad said citing Egypt as an example as one of the many in the Arab World, let alone on a global level. Egypt has experienced a one-metre rise in sea level on the lowland which caused 15 per cent of the best arable land to flood. The area accommodates about 16 per cent of the population which accounts for 15 per cent of the gross domestic product.

Rise in sea level

Professor Chadwick from the Stockholm Environment Institute in England, attributes the rise in the global sea level to the rise in average annual temperature. "Sea-level rises involves numerous critical problems such as high tides which would penetrate further inland causing floods," he says. The estimated rise in sea level would be between 30 centimetres and 1.5 metres by the middle of next century he estimated. Sea-level rise also involves erosion of beaches and coastal margins, land-use changes, loss of wetlands, damage to coastal structures and increasing difficulties in water man-

Chadwick said that greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide. methane, nitrogen oxide (NOX), Chlorofinorocarbon (CFC) emissions, "will givbe rise to atmospheric concentrations of these gases which will cause a global climatic warming," he said.

One of the factors damaging to forests are the depositions of sulphur dioxide and NOX and their transformation products. Dr. Abdul Bar Al Gain, director general of the Protection of Environment and Meteorological Department in Saudi Arabia, pointed out that carbon dioxide concentrations are increasing at such a rate that if we go ahead with a business-as-usual policy then the atmospheric concentrations of carbon dioxide will donble by next century. "Al Gain added that this would result in a

two degree Centigrade average global warming of the earth's atmosphere from carbon dioxide

Other gases affecting global warming are concentrations of greenhouse gases which would add another two degrees Centigrade to the earth's atmosphere. "Thus, by early next century, mankind is facing the possibility of living in an environment that is on average four degree Centig-rade warmer," Al Gain warned.

Acid rain

Another problem affecting the world and which is a major concern in Europe is acid rain. Acid rain is transformed from fossil fuels, especially coals and oils. Chadwick explained that during combustion, fossil fuels are consusted to calculate the contract of the con verted to sulphur. Oxides of nitrogen are also emitted from combustion of fuel in an atmosphere dominated by oxygen 90 per cent of "these transformation products undergo wet or dry depositions which are acidic in nature and damage wildlife and fresh water bodies," Chadwick ex-

Chadwick added that although an agreement reached on sulphur dioxide achieved an overail 30

per cent reduction of emissions. "The reduction is not enough to prevent damage or recover many

Taking a look at the Arab World, Hammad expressed concern over unplanned expansion of urban areas which contributes to environmental problem. According to Hammad, urban popula-tion has grown from 23 million to 105 million. Sixty per cent of the urban population are in cities of

over 100,000 inhabitants. Hammad added that destruc-tion of valuable agricultural land is another dimension of urban growth. He pointed out an example that in Égypt, during the last

three decades, "more than 10 per cent of the nation's most productive farm land was lost to urban encroachment." Adding to that, "the immediate binterland around Cairo, which used to be an agricultural area supplying the city with major food crops, has now disappeared."

Hammad also spoke of the trend to switch from oil to gas. Gas will become the main industrial utility fuel in the coming decades," according to Hammad. There is an increasing need to shift the demand away from oil in order to control pollution and a Arab countries to using gas re-sources because gas is the cleanest source of primary energy. Although this would pose problems for the producers and consumers owing to a change in production, Hammad said, "it is process that must take place, and in the long run it would be beneficial to Arab oil producing

countries because oil would undoubtedly last a longer time." But there are already projects in the Arab region to link up the area with gas pipeline grids, according to Hammad. One pipeline would supply Algerian gas to

Tunisia and Libya, while another

Spain through Morocco.

Such regional and global ביטות, lems were some of the many points discussed in a recent onvironment and development seminar held in Amman. Conferences are continually taking place throughout the world bringing together the developed and developing countries to set out

agendas of actions to be taken. According to Hammad, global awareness has risen dramat.cally in the past two years. But awareness is not enough in itself. we have to move to action and bring human societies together on

The Jews are coming

Faced with social turbulence and resurgent or West in anti-Semitism, many thousands of Soviet Jews Itties, by are emigrating to their spiritual home. Ian Black 15t try to make in Tel Aviv asks whether Israel, willing but hardly e about hore prepared for the influx, can cope.

ALERY and ina and their chilen were visibly tired as they ipsed into the Ministry of Imgrant Absorption reception il at Ben Garion Airport. It d been a long, slow journey m Odessa and although it was eady 1 a.m. there were still any more official forms to fill t before their new life in Israel

Victoria, aged 12, made a eline for the reconstituted ange juice and sandwiches prered by a pair of stout volunteer fies who arrived from Russia emselves a few years back, and o-year-old Oleg was soon roarg about wildly on a plastic

re-engine in the playroom. nilippine There were about 100 of them refixed by Sunday's evening flight from no instruction to Tel Aviv, unmistak-of emerchy Soviet with their fur hats, The eap wintry clothes and suit-\quino) is eses and quiet, mechanical subother Version to the first taste of Israeli

days are: reancracy. Fer rente Fair-haired Jews from Moscow slaros and Leningrad mingled with ino apper ve skinned Georgians to read uft a RT Cyrillic slogans welcoming THE BETT and then sank down in rows plastic chairs or gazed at the no resident increasing photograph of Jeru-

eral lend covering an entire wall.

eral lend A toothless old man from that, his double-breasted jacket nibboned with the medals of calculations would wars, looked dazed. At stand the little remained of the hebrew he had studied before res reme e October Revolution, but he strains it is pleased to be leaving his arrelsome Armenian and zerbaijani neighbours behind. A VOS Dimitri Bogakovsky, a 36-yearindependent of the said of the

optimiliars ago." Ina, a teacher, was L the pore cautious. "At the moment I aport with say I wanted to come here d not to America," she smiled. declar he I don't know." Several flights like these, some month on Budapest and Vienna, are openion arriving at Ben Gurion every

ed pulsasek, their human cargoes elodivision testimony to the swelling mbers of Soviet Jewish emigillustration of the state of th khail Gorbachev's policies deductive wrought in their bomeland.

Aquin Economic and political unceraquin and the rise of truculent

the Commissions from the Baltic the Caspian have raised the cient spectre of anti-Semitism, engine ver far below the surface of he district life. Under glasnost and restroika, the last great untapthe furnity is on the

EXACT NUMBERS are untilable: 2.5 to three million is accepted figure, though 70 are of cultural and religious pression, intermariage and smilation means that the real cost smilation means that the Law of Renot not be seen of combined with an action decision to restrict in the seen of combined with an action decision to restrict in the immigrants from the limit of combined with an action of congration is now octal ected almost exclusively at del. The challenge is immense, i no one is sure whether it can

met According to the latest projec-25, 100,000 Soviet Jews will in Israel over the next in Israel over the next

three years, and the numbers may be even higher if and when direct flights start from Moscow to Tel Aviv, the most important tangible sign of the rapid thaw in Soviet-Israeli relations. In comparative terms, such an influx is the equivalent of the movement of three million East Germans to West Germany, a country (unlike Israel) with a healthy economy where difficulties of acclimatisation for the newcomers will be at a minimum and language prob-

lems non-existent. If the Russians do arrive on this scale it will be the largest single wave of what Israelis call aliva (literally "ascent") since the immediate post independence years in the early 1950s, heady return to the heart of the Zionist idea at a time when the country --- still fighting the Palestinian uprising, on a permanent war footing and its economy slipping into recession — is far from ready.

The first big wave of Russians came after the 1967 war, when Zionist feelings were awakened by Israel's six day victory and Soviet support for the Arabs. Moscow underestimated the phenomenon, believing that if the hard core of "provocateurs" were allowed to emigrate the vast majority would stay. The emigration movement reached a peak in 1973 with 33,000 Jews leaving. It dipped after the You Kippur war, rising again to 51,000 in 1979. Until 1982 figures dropped steadily again, reaching a low point in 1986.

EVEN IN THE GOOD YEARS Israel had only a share. Between 1968 and 1988 280,000 Jews emigrated, but only 165,000 came to Israel. In 1988 the dropout rate reached a staggering 92 per cent. But in the first 10 months of 1989 alone over 7,000 have arrived, and there are expected to be 10,000 by the end of

The new wave is not in the heroic mould of famous "refuseniks" like Anatoly Scharansky, Ida Nudel and Josef Begun, who finally arrived in Israel after years of persecution, exile and imprisonment. Few of the newcomers know any Hebrew and few have more than the vaguest idea about Israel. Many would have preferred America.

With the Berlin Wall, the most famous barrier of all, falling, the more media-conscious activists among the Soviet Jews already here are warning that Israel is just not prepared for the influx.

"Israel's lack of preparedness for mass Soviet Jewish immigration is psychologically understandable but not politically forgivable," says Yuri Stern, a Muscovite who came in 1981. "Its very difficult to appreciate a revolution, to see today as really qualitatively, dramatically different from the day before. Its difficult to go beyond normal scepticism and see this huge number not just as a potential but as a

ISRAELIS ARE PLEASED with the change in the U.S. regulations, which effectively signal an end to the drop-out phe-nomenon. "Israel," says one senior official, "has never been interested in emigration as such, but in aliya — in having as many Jews as possible come to Israel.' In this perspective, places like the Ladispoli transit camp near

Rome, where thousands of Soviet

Jews are still awaiting visas to the U.S., are a disgrace. A thriving Jewish life in New York's Brighton Beach will not reinforce Israel. Freedom of choice is no longer on the agenda, especially now that American Jews have discovered that it is easier to raise money for absorbing Soviet Jews in Israel than it is for resettling them in the U.S. The Israeli government has been agonisingly slow to take up the challenge, although it has calculated that U.S.\$3 billion will be needed over three years for housing, job creation and other aspects of largescale immigrant absorption.

The bureaucracy certainly needs streamlining: the immigrants are met initially by the Absorption Ministry, but once in the country many of their needs are looked after by the Jewish Agency, the semi-private organisation that dates back to the early years of Jewish settlement in Palestine.

The two bodies are often at loggerheads, and there are constant disputes over methods: are the newcomers best served by direct absorption — being given year and then left to cope on their own, or by being placed in one of the 38 Jewish Agency absorption

Learning Hebrew is a priority no regrets. The Guardian

ulpan system are available at once. But even after six months of intensive study many other problems remain. A Soviet engineer who lost his job a decade ago after applying to emigrate needs to catch up. Doctors need to retrain for eight months. At the big Mevasseret absorption centre near Jerusalem, where there are 77 Russian families in different stages of acclimatisation, only half the breadwinners are working. Unskilled workers tend to do better than the professionals, enjoying the advantages of a free market

THE NEW ARRIVALS, like their predecessors, tend towards the right of the political spec-"Of course we thought about political problems, but everyone in Israel suffers from the same ones," says Igor, a railway engineer studying at the Mevasseret ulpan. "I'm content to go into the army, and I'm definitely against giving up territory to the Arabs."

The veterans are pleased, but accept that the newcomers are than of necessity. Haim Scheider, an economist who left Lithuania 10 years ago, has been unemployed for 18 months, but still has

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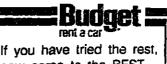
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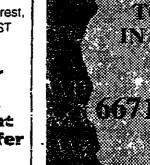
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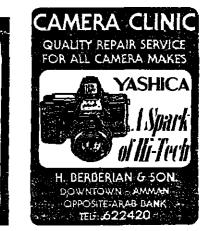
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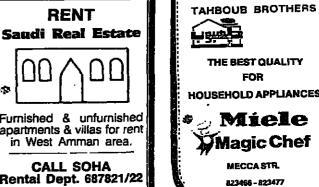
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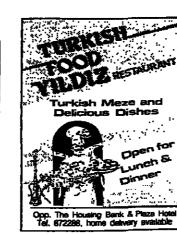






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states must agree on a unified tariffs policy if they are to have

any hope of persuading the Euro-

pean Community (EC) to drop

painful protective barriers against

A common tariffs policy for the

six nations of the Gulf Coopera-

tion Council (GCC), which began

their annual summit in Muscat

Monday, is as important as their

more dramatic political effort to

prevent another Gulf war,

GCC cannot present a unified

position in difficult talks with

Brussels over EC tariffs and

quotas against GCC products,

Ahead of the meeting of the rulers of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait,

the United Arab Emirates,

Bahrain, Qatar, and Oman,

senior GCC official for economic

affairs Abdullah Al Quwaiz said

the issue was particularly impor-

be impossible to realise the full

common market envisaged in the

PARIS (R) — Less than a week

after deciding to dismantle its last

remaining currency controls,

France Monday moved to stave

off a run on the franc by raising

The Bank of France said its

intervention and emergency

funding rates would both rise by

half a percentage point to 10 per

cent and 10.75 per cent respec-

tively, effective at Monday's gov-

ernment securities repurchase

The finance ministry said the

Monday, December 18, 1989

Central Bank official rates

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

643.0

649.0

two key lending rates.

Without agreement, it would

especially petrochemicals.

Without a common policy, the

them, Gulf officials say.

Ising food import bill tops Egyptian worries

within the GCC had inevitably

all suddenly start to compete

equally. Some of us needed time

to catch up," said one official.

The 1981 pact gives temporary

exemption to any member due to

local circumstances. Oman, for

example, was allowed to protect

its cement industry from other

At the other end of the scale,

the mercantile-minded United

Arab Emirates has pressed for

The unified agreement envis-

The creation of a value-added

petrochemical industry fed from

their own crude production is at

the heart of all six states' plans for

industrial development and diver-

14 per cent duty on all but a small quota of GCC petrochemicals.

fears that ending tariffs would lead to cheap Gulf imports flood-

Bergovoy said the move

Complete freedom of capital

movement is one of the pre-

conditions laid down by Euro-

pean Commission President Jac-

ques Delors for monetary union.

But France had resisted lifting

restrictions because of fears that

money would flee abroad in

search of more profitable invest-

of World War II private French

citizens will be allowed to hold

foreign currency accounts in

domestic banks and open bank

France has repeatedly ruled

out a devaluation of the franc

against the mark within the Euro-

pean Monetary System (EMS).

But pressure for a realignment

of the eight-nation system of ex-

change rate management has

been building due to mark buying

by investors who expect West

Germany to remain strong next

year. The Bank of France had

been selling marks last week, but

failed to stop it reaching record

highs in Paris.

For the first time since the end

showed his government's com-mitment to European monetary

ing the market.

The EC, which imposes 12 to

aged a five per cent minimum

GCC imports, officials said.

"We realised that we could not

led to a slower pace.

CAIRO (R) — Prime Minister Atef Sedki has warned that a scaring food import bill will strain Egypt's society and depressed economy.

"In the light of continuing in- tremely serious economic and socreases in world prices of (food) cial consequences." Sedki told

'Gulf needs tariff pact

would complicate already long

Without a unified policy on

and complicated talks with the

customs tariffs, any dialogue be-tween the EC and the GCC will

not achieve results," Bahrain De-

velopment and Industry Minister

Yousef Shirawi said in

coupled with collpasing oil prices

in the 1980s, helped turn the

balance of GCC trade with the

EC from a \$35.6 billion surplus in

1981 to a deficit in the last three

years averaging around \$5 billion

year. EC products account for over

40 per cent of the GCC import

market. The next biggest is Japan

Omani Commerce and Indus-

Al Ghazali said Sunday that dif-

ferences in internal GÖC indust-

rial incentive policies would not

hold up full implementation of

However, GCC officials said

uneven economic development

increase was aimed at supporting

the value of the franc and keeping

savings levels high enough to

"The persistence of domestic

savings too low to meet continued

strong short-term credit demand

leads us to remain vigilant," if

Some, economists last week

predicted speculative pressure on

the franc after Finance Minister

Pierre Bergovoy said France

would free all capital movements

416.1 420.3 109.2 110.3 445.8 450.3 330.9 334.2 103.0 104.0

the unified economic policy.

France raises key lending rates

meet credit demand.

said in a statement

e ven (for 100)

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

on Jan 1.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

1.1600/10

1.7215/22

1.9430/40

1.5460/70

5.8840/90 1286/1287

144.20/30

6.2500/50

6.6585/635

One onnce of gold 410.65/411.15

36.20/23

Minister Salim Ibn Abdullah

with over 15 per cent.

The current EC tariff structure,

to crack EC market'

EC, said Quwaiz.

how the government planned to pull Egypt, burdened with high foreign debt and an inefficient public sector, out of its economic

In a rare economic policy state-

ment. Sedki gave few details of

Sedki said food imports cost Egypt \$1.45 billion in fiscal 1988-89, up from \$1.01 billion the year before, and were set to cost

even more. Egypt, the world's third largest importer of wheat, its staple diet, pow has around 55 million people and the population increases by a million every seven months.

It imported seven million tonnes of wheat this year despite growing a bumper local crop of

Sedki repeated a government pledge that economic reform would not burt the poor.

Cairo, fearing major economic changes could unleash social unrest, is resisting pressure from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to speed up moves to a more liberal open economy. "In these negotiations (with

the IMF), the government is committed not to accept programmes leading to increased pressure on the standard of living of low-income people," Sedki said. An accord with the IMF would open the door to fresh foreign credit and investment that would

help to invigorate the economy.

Sedki said Egypt's total civil debt, excluding military debt, was an estimated \$29.7 billion. He declined to give figures for military debt. The IMF has estimated overall debt at \$50 billion.

Egypt stopped most debt payments 18 months ago and must reach a deal with the IMF before it can reschedule them.

This month Cairo paid \$50 million to the United States to avoid triggering a U.S. law sus-pending new aid to countries fallng more than a year behind on debt payments. A similar payments will have to be made every

France has also demanded repayment of some debt.

Sedki said that, of 115 industrial public sector companies, 20 were making losses. There were also losses by non-industrial companies and joint venture companies, he said.

Streamlining the public sector is a key aim of the government, but a reduction in subsidies would raise its losses even higher in the short-term.

Editor Said Sonbol, writing last week in Al Akhbar newspaper, said: "I expect that the opponent of updating the public sector will emerge victorious in the end, considering that (they) have suc-cessfully aborted all previous

Arab Banking Corporation to operate in Jordan soon

Banking Corporation (ABC), the Arab World's biggest bank, plans to target Arab rather than international markets for growth in

the 1990s in a major policy shift.

ABC President Abdullah Saudi said the Bahrain-based bank. which has subsidiaries in Monaco, West Germany, Spain and Hong Kong, planned to put the expertise it had gained in the 1980s to work in Arab markets.

"Our strategy for the coming few years, now that we have gained experience and recognition internationally, is to pass this information on here," he told Reuters in an interview.

"We need to strengthen our presence in the Arab countries and to penetrate local markets," he added.

Saudi said ABC, which oper-ates as an offshore banking unit from Bahrain, planned to develop an investment and commercial banking network in the Middle East by setting up new companies or subsidiaries with domestic licences.

"We want to create a separate investment banking service here for our clients... perhaps one could even look at ABC as a future Merrill Lynch," he said in a reference to the American in-

vestment banking giant. Saudi said the bank was developing the in-house expertise of its investment banking arm, ABC Investment and Services Co. (E.C.), and planned a major drive into private banking.

Negotiations to establish a presence in Jordan were in their final stages following ABC's purchase of a local investment company, he said.

ABC would take a majority stake in the new firm, which would be a joint venture with Jordan's Housing Bank. It would be able to operate as a commercial bank and was expected to open early in 1990.

"We are studying the different Arab markets to see where to be able to locate ourselves and are inviting us to come, Like Jordan," Saudi said.

"We are looking at Morocco now and may look later at Egypt and the Gulf," he said. ABC opened representative offices in Tunis and Tripoli this year.

During 1988, 17.2 per cent of the bank's earning assets were located in the Arab World, compared with 47.9 per cent in Europe, 17.1 per cent in Asia, 7.5 per cent in Latin America and 5.9 per cent in North America.

ABC has total assets at the end of 1988 of \$19.13 billion. Saudi said the bank was negotiating to set up a subsidiary in Europe which would then incorporate its branches in London, Paris and Milan under one

But he said plans for the move. aimed at keeping a foothold in Europe after its markets unify in 1992, were not final.

be listed for the first time on stock exchanges in London, Luxstarting with the ones who are embourg and probably Bahrain and Kuwait following a planned \$250 million share flotation in the

first quarter of 1990. He said the money from the flotation, which would increase the bank's paid-in capital by 25 per cent to \$1 billion, would be used to finance expansion worl-

dwide. The new issue is expected to reduce the stakes of ABC's present shareholders, the Kuwaiti Finance Ministry, the Libyan Treasury and the Abu Dhabi

investment Authority. Last September, ABC became the first Arab bank to receive an international credit rating for its

Standard and Poor's International assigned the bank's long-term certificates of deposit and senior long-term Eurobonds a rating of single-A-minus, an investment grade rating equal to that of many top U.S. banks.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

IDB lends Jordan \$15 million

NICOSIA (R) - The Islamic Development Bank (IDB) will finance Jordan's import of \$15 million worth of crude oil under an agreement signed Sunday. The Sandi Press Agency (SPA) said Jordan would import the oil from a member of the 46-member Islamic Conference Organisation (ICO). The Jeddah-based bank was founded by the ICO in 1975 with a \$2.6 billion capital. It has approved nearly \$250 million in grants and interest free loans to poorer Islamic countries this year.

Spain gives Morocco \$22m credit

RABAT (R) - Spain has granted Morocco a long-term credit of 2.4 billion pesetas (\$22 million) the official Moroccan news agency MAP has said. It said the credit, which carries low interest rates, was approved by the Spanish government. The agency did not say what the credit would be used for.

World Bank qualifies power of Brady plan

WASHINGTON (R) — The first results of a U.S. plan to cut Third World debt are encouraging, but it is too early to judge whether it will succeed in restoring economic growth in Latin America, the World Bank said Sunday.

For standards of living to recover, substantial debt reduction must be accompanied by continued economic growth in the industrial world and new lending by commercial banks, the bank said in "World Debt Tables," an annual report.

"It would not be realistic to expect that the new strategy, by itself, can rapidly solve the debt problem of all severely indebted

In March Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady unveiled a plan to encourage banks to write off part of their loans to the developing guarantees on the remaining credits. Since then Mexico, the Philippines and Costa Rica have clinched deals with their bankers.

Some experts have criticised the agreements, which have not yet been implemented, saying they provide inadequate relief from the crushing burden of debt.

But Stanely Fischer, the World Bank's chief economist, said neither extreme pessimism about the Brady plan, nor excessive ontimism, was warranted.

"Instead, it is a time for realism. The year 1989 has been one of substantial progress in advancing the debt strategy, but the future will require continued efforts on the part of debtor countries, their private creditors, and official lenders and donors," Fischer told a news conference.

The World Bank's figures illustrate the enormity of the challenge. Developing countries will owe a total of \$1,165 billion by the end of 1989, \$10 billion more than in 1988 and up from \$753 billion in 1982 when the debt crisis flared up.

At the same time, massive amounts of money are still drainng from Third World countries in debt repayments, depriving them of the funds needed to boost

investment and growth. They will transfer an estimated \$51.6 billion abroad to service their debt this year, barely less than last year's \$52 billion. according to the bank. Until 1982 they were net recipients of credit.

As vital as it is to reduce the mountain of debt, countries will also need significant amounts of new money to finance development, the bank stressed.

It estimated that to restore growth the Group of 19 severely indebted middle-income countries would still need \$4 billion a year in 1990 and beyond, on top of annual debt and interest relief \$6 billion possible under the

Brady plan. Fischer said lending was likely to pick up after 1990 if countries such as Mexico stuck to marketoriented economic reforms, but banks would in future opt increasingly to finance trade and

specific investments.

Iraq settles Japanese credits

minister said Monday that Japan had agreed to accept oil to settle all outstanding Iraqi debts and had granted Baghdad a new \$3 billion credit line.

Trade Minister Mohammed Mahdi Saleh told Reuters the deal was signed in Tokyo Saturday.

"We have concluded an agreement which completely settled the repayment of all Iraqi debts and future credit by setting aside a portion of Iraqi oil supplies to Japan to cover current and future dues," Saleh said. He gave no

Saleh, who is also acting finance minister, visiting Japan from Dec. 12-16 at the head of a delegation including representatives of the oil ministry and the central bank to discuss Iraqi

"According to the agreement, Japan will extend a \$3 billion credit line and financial facilities to Iraq to finance development projects and to cover part of iraq's purchases of commodities from Japan," the minister said.

The new credit would also be repaid by Iraqi oil supplies to Japan, he said.

He did not give figures for Iraqi debts to Japan, put by Japanese sources in the region at some 10 debt of about \$50 billion. From the start of this year;

Tokyo had been accepting oil shipments in part-payment of debts but this covered only a small portion of the total, the sources said.

Saleh did not say how much oil would be involved in the deal, saying only that repayments in oil would be made over the next few

"We have once and for all settled the whole Iraqi debts problem with Japan," he said.

He said the new agreement would give Japanese firms new opportunities to enter the Iraqi markets to implement new development projects and supply Iraq with Japanese goods.

Meanwhile, an oil industry newsletter said Monday that Japanese companies are considering buying large amounts of liquefied natural gas (LNG) from

The Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Chubu Electric Power Company had indicated it might want about four million tonnes of LNG per year from Qatar for 20 years, starting in the second half of the 1990s. "The Qataris are hoping to convert that expression of in-

Jaber Al Marri, managing director of Qatar General Petroleum Corporation (QGPC), vi-

time next year," the Cyprus-

It said Qatar also hoped to sell

a million tonnes of LNG a year to

each of two other Japanese power

supply companies, Tokyo Elec-

based newsletter said.

tric Power and Kansai.

sited Japan last week, it said. Qatar plans to start producing LNG in a few years time from its offshore North Field, the world's biggest single non-associated gas reservoir with an estimated 380

trillion cubic feet of reserves. It aims to produce 800 million cubic feet of natural gas from the North Field by 1992, mainly for domestic use.

MEES said the total cost of developing the field, including building LNG plant and export facilities and acquiring LNG tankers, could be \$5 billion.

LNG exports will be controlled by Qatargas (Qatar Liquefied Gas Company), which is 70 per cent owned by QGPC, British Petroleum, CFP-Total, Marubeni and Mitsui own 7.5 per cent each. MEES said Qatargas was expected to give the government a

cost and pricing forecast for the

LNG project next month.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — The share market finished strongly, boosted by hopes of easier interest rates and a fall in the local dollar. The All Ordinaries index ended up 10.1 at 1,629.2.

TOKYO — A flurry of index-linked buying, mostly by arbitrageurs, jerked the Nikkei share index up 315.14 points to a record traded high of 38,586.18.

HONG KONG — Hong Kong stocks showed no sign of losing upward momentum despite lower turnover as Christmas approaches. The Hang Seng ended 3.64 higher at 2,900.21. SINGAPORE - Share prices closed narrowly tnixed after moderate and cautious trade. The Straits Times industrial index

fell 8.54 to end at 1,460.02. 30MBAY — Share prices overcame a sluggish start and generally rallied on scattered buying by state-owned investment institu-tions. The exchange index rose 12.70 points to 772.83.

FRANKFURT - Prices of major West German shares closed slightly higher but trade was thin in the run-up to Christmas. The DAX index of leading shares rose 7.14 points to 1,634.57. ZURICH - Equities ended lower in lacklustre trade. The Swiss performance index fell 14.3 points to 1,105.9.

PARIS - French prices were lower in quiet session but recovered after falling in early trade on news of a surprise rise in interest rates. The CAC index was down 13.45 points at 1,935.97.

LONDON — Prices remained firm helped by a stronger Wall Street. The water companies were boosted after news of holding in several firms by France's Lyonnaise De Eaux. At 1615 GMT the FTSE index was 16 points up at 2,361.0.

NEW YORK — Stocks edged up on expectations of lower U.S. interest rates. By 1615 GMT the Dow was trading at 2,741.47, up



"That was the rudest, nastiest, loudest, wildest fight we ever had! Let's do it again tomorrow!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Boh I so VERBA NOOLC EUGLED A GAMBLER WIN A GOOD DEAL OF CHIPS. DAGOIA Print answer here: (Jumbles: DOILY JUROR VIOLIN PHYSIC What happens every time he turns over a new lear?—IT'S POISON IVY



Maradona fires broadside at Napoli critics

ARGENTINE soccer wizard Diego Maradona fired a Christmas broadside at Napoli's critics but reserved some seasonal cheer for his fans after masterminding the Italian league leaders' 2-0 win over Bologna at the weekend. Their victory Sunday took Napoli four points clear at the top and provided a timely answer to

sports press and supporters' charges of lacklustre play this "I want to say that people who accuse Napoli of playing badly have got it completely wrong. We've got the winning mentality. Happy Christmas," a genial

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5a;

his first heart-to-heart with admirers in a month.

The Argentine captain set up goals for Brazil's Careca and Marco Baroni against mid-table Bologna, providing a sizzling re-minder of his creative talents whead of an international friendly between Italy and Argentina on

But Italian national manager Azeglio Vicini has lots to worry about as three of his squad were struck down with injury.

Napoli striker Andrea Carnevale twisted an ankle before the Bologna match and did not play, Sampdoria forward Roberto Mancini pulled a thigh muscle. and Fiorentina's Roberto Baggio said he would undergo fitness tests before Thursday's match, in Cagliari on the island of Sardinia.

limped off the pitch after going top of the scorers' table with his ninth goal this season. The battle for the Spanish and

as the league's top scorer with 18

Barcelona had to wait until the

Cruyff's former team Ajax against lowly Nec Nilmegen.

second-half hat trick, by Brazilian striker Romario inspired them to

matches before Dutch soccer's

was about as exciting as a visit to one's mother-in-law on Christmas," the mass-circulation Tele-

graaf lamented. Winter breaks also loom in

clear there was no more contest.

French league leaders Bordeaux notched a 3-1 win over Lille which left them three points ahead of Marseille and nine ahead of third-placed Sochaux as the league enters a seven-week

But Belgian trainer Raymond

Goethals was cagey on his side's chances of winning the cham-pionship: "I would only start thinking about the title if we were six points clear."

Bayern Munich will emerge from West Germany's eight-week hiatus in their customary place at the top of the standings.

GOREN BRIDGE

SPOT THE COMBINATION

Neither vulnerable. South deals. NORTH **A A J 4** ♥ K 7 2

◇ K 10 9 7 3 2 EAST WEST C 0884 ♥ J 10 5. + KQJ2 SOUTH **±** 10 5 3

🛨 A 10 9 The bidding: West . North East South 3 NT Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of 4 We have often been asked for the one great secret to winning bridge. Are you ready for this? Find yourself a good partner! North had a lot to be thankful for on this hand. With his collection of losers, North should have realized that, since his hand was likely to produce at least six tricks for partner, nine tricks might prove easier to make than 11. At three no trump, South would have indulged in the pleasant luxury of simply gathering tricks.

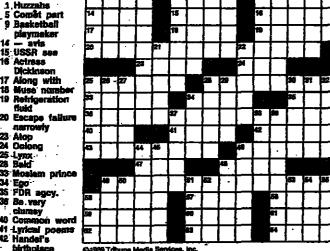
West led a top club, and declarer

could see three possible losers-two spades and a heart. Had South's ten of spades been a low spot card, there would have been only one hope for the contract—to find West with both the king and queen in the suit. Possession of the lowest honor in the suit, however, changed the odds from slight to a sure thing.

Declarer won the first trick with the ace of clubs, cashed the king and ace of trumps and ruffed a club in dummy. After coming to hand with the ace of hearts, another club ruff prepared the ground for an endplay. The king of hearts was cashed and declarer exited with a heart, not caring who won the trick.

Whichever defender gained the lead would have to break the spade suit, since either hearts or clubs would present declarer with the contract via a ruff-sluff. If East won the third heart, his forced return into the spade tenace would limit his side to one spade trick. If West won, declarer would duck the trick to East, who would have to win with an honor and then lead a spade into the tenace. Either way, declarer was able to hold his spade losers to one

THE Daily Crossword by Keaneth Witte



electrician
10 Imaginary
11 US author
12 Tumult
13 Bear let
12 Painting style
22 Rigid
25 Thai coins
26 Indian

"Seven Yes

51 Punta del — 52 Cabbago dish 58 TX city 54 Mild oath 55 Milhor minors

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Shirihan, Farouq Al Fishawi THE GUIDE





to three teams - Barcelona,

Real will be hard to catch Sanchez strengthened his position

"I'll go to Cagliari, but I'm pessimistic," said Baggio as he

Dutch championships took on a traditional look as Real Madrid confirmed their national sup-remacy with a 5-1 mauling of Logrones and Ajax Amsterdam slugged it out with defending champions PSV Eindhoven.

The pack chasing Real thinned Valencia and Atletico Madrid -

A hat trick by Mexican Hugo

and took Real's tally to 48 in 16 games, 12 more than Barcelona. 74th minute to clinch a 1-0 win in Maiaga on a pitch sodden by a month of rain on the Costa Del Sol. "It's impossible to play soccer on such a pitch," Dutch coach Johan Cruyff said.

snatched first place in the Dutch league with a 3-0 home victory PSV, with two games in hand.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1989 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early part of the day is favourable for artistic endeavours. Avoid arguments and comments pertaining to associations of an usual or

routine nature in the P.M. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Finish present tasks quickly so that you can accept a new project. Go

out of your way to accede to requests made by your attachment. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Take your family out today to a medium priced restaurant. You need to be more aware of all aspects of your business affairs.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) A brilliant new idea from a pioneer-ing type of person will help your money position. A very good day for your regular household duties. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Don't get involved at do not like. Your attachment now would resent your spending too much on pleasures.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Be very generous in your attitude to those who dwell beneath your roof. You may feel neglected because of other persons close to

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Ask an expert friend what to do about a new obligation, but keep your purse zipped when a strange proposition comes along. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You will need to be patient with home and household prob-

lems. Take your attachment to

meet as many friends as are avail-

SCORPTO: (October 23 to November 21) Make your home the center of your activity now. With practical matters all about, you will need all your eleverness to handle them. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Don't jump at conclusions because a different situation exists at home. A new attitude towards your mate will work won-

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Delays in business matters can not be helped. If possible take your attachment on a trip to visit some interesting objects. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Lots of new friends can bring more excitement into your life. Entertain those at home who are having a difficult time. PISCES: (February 20 to March

20) Don't leave loval friends for glittering new acquaintances. A new idea will be excellent for you in raising money. Include your mate in this.

Today's child: If your child were born today he or she will tend to view situations from their broadest angles and to offer assistance to all who need it, regardless of race, creed or colour. Business activities will be a natural for this progeny and many students will benefit from their helpfulness.

"The stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

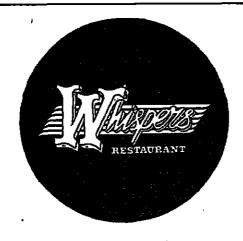
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Ajax went to sleep to such a a 4-0 home win against bottom side Haarlem on Saturday. staggering extent that the game But both PSV and Ajax were criticised for dull play in their last

winter break. "From the moment that it was France. West Germany and Bel-

STUTTGART, West Germany (R) — An impressive decade for Swedish tennis that started with Bjorn Borg winning his fifth Wimbledon title and featured are one point behind after a three Davis Cup victories drew to a sorry close with Sweden's finest

> Becker. It was a sad irony that the nation which prided itself on the depth of its tennis talent, despite a population of only eight million, should find its efforts to win the Davis Caup back from West tions.

all eclipsed by one man — Boris

Germany blocked by a single

Not that Becker is just any player. Still only 22, already three-times Wimbledon winner and now U.S. Open champion, his virtually solo triumph underscored his assertion that he will soon take the world number one

ranking from Ivan Lendl. Becker was responsible for all West Germany's points in the 3-2 victory at the weekend in the third final between the two na-

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He lost only 12 games in his singles victories over Masters Champion Stefan Edberg and former world number one Mats Wilander and dropped serve just once in three days - during Saturday's doubles win against

errors than winners. "He played maybe the best tennis of his life," Wilander, who has dropped to 12th on the computer rankings, said of Becker.

Anders Jarryd and Jan Gunnars-

son to which West Germany's

Eric Jelen contributed more

"It just seemed like everything he hit turned out to be winners." Becker insists the West Germans' second successive cup win was down to good teamwork. But though Carl-Uwe Steeb, who beat Wilander in last December's final in Gothenburg, has improved his world ranking by 58 places this year to 15th, he is still

Becker responsible for Swedish eclipse inconsistent in cup play.

Steeb lost to Wilander and Edberg in Stuttgart's Schleyer

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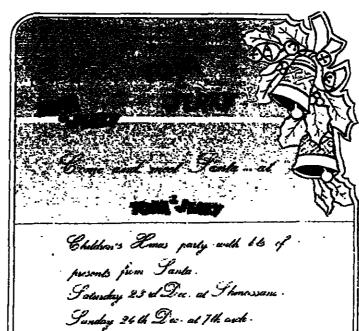
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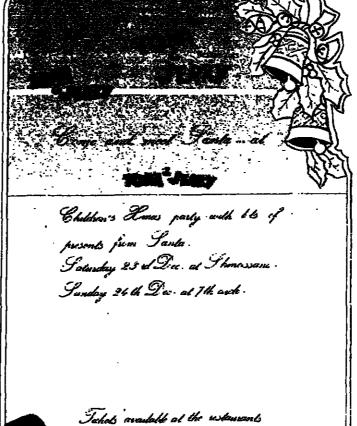


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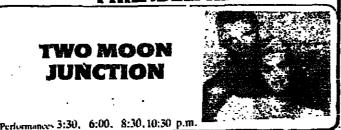
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Thousands mourn slain drug baron

BOGOTA, (Agencies) — Thousands in the hometown that Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha ran as a fieldom turned out to mourn the slain drug dealer, though the government has characterised his death as victory for the Colombian people.

The bodies of Rodriguez Gacha and his 17-year-old son Fredy, along with five of their bodyguards, had originally been buried late Saturday at public expense in a common grave in Sincelejo, near where the drug dealers were killed in a shootout with Colombian police forces Friday.

But Colombian authorities on Sunday authorised exhumation of the body of Rodriguez and his son, and relatives took the remains to Pacho, a rural town 40 kilometres (24 miles) from

In Pacho, a town of 20,000 where Rodriguez Gacha was born, thousands attended the burial at the local cemetery in a hixurious wooden coffin.

Police remained on alert in the area and no incidents were re-

Peasants near Rodriguez Gacha's Pacho ranch have told reporters that the cocaine baron gave away thousands of dollars, providing money for medical treatment and for seed and equipment when local farmers they could not get loans from the

Rodriguez Gacha, 42, alias "The Mexican," was the number two man in the Medellin cartel. His death marked the biggest government blow against the drug barons since the government launched its anti-parcotics offensive on Aug. 18.

Residents of Pacho considered Rodriguez Gacha to be their bepefactor and the El Espectador newspaper wrote on Sunday, "he was considered the owner of the

Rodriguez Gacha, born into a poor peasant family in Pacho in 1947, was believed to be one of the wealthiest men in Colombia.

In November, Colombian authorities found \$5.24 million at one of his properties and U.S. and European banking authorities froze \$61.8 million in cash and high yield certificates of de-posit held in five foreign coun-

He also ran front companies managing scores of enterprises, according to authorities.

Known as "The Mexican" for his love of popular Mexican culture, Rodriguez Gachs named numerous estates around Pacho for Mexican cities and states like Tijuana, Cuernavaca, and Chihnahua and Jalisco

Following the launching of the anti-narcotics offensive, the army seized more than 20 estates around the town, most believed to belong to Rodriguez Gacha.

Gandhi takes opposition seat

NEW DELHI (AP) - Prime and rightists give it 283 votes Minister V.P. Singh took his oath as a member of the new partiament Monday, and the Congress Party that gave India three generations of leaders was relegated to the role of opposition for only

the second time in history.

After he was sworn in. Singh told reporters he would continue the dialogue initiated Sunday to find a political solution to the Sikh militant movement that has claimed more than 7,000 lives in

Punjab in the past eight years.
For the first time, key militants have entered the national political mainstream, winning nine of Punjab's 13 seats in the parlia-

Singh pledged to uphold the constitution, then walked across the floor to shake hands with ex-Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi. Gandhi was sworn in after Singh and members of his cabinet took their

Singh is expected to seek a vote of confidence from parliament Thursday, the first parliamentary test for the unlikely coalition his own centrist National Front formed with right-wing Hindu fundamentalists and an array of

communists and socialists. The Congress Party captured 192 seats in the Nov. 22-26 elections but needed 263 for a majority. Singh's National Front got only 144, but its pledges of post-

thousand Muscovites, hemmed in

by hundreds of troops, packed a sports park Monday for the public

funeral of Andrei Sakharov,

which soon turned from a cere-

mony of mourning into a rally for

A succession of speakers, from

fellow scientists and parliamenta-

rians to friends and former dissi-

dents, paid tribute to the late

physicist for his relentless strug-

gle for the cause of human rights

"He was a real prophet in the

"And like all prophets, he was

misunderstood and expelled from

his own town," he added, refer-

ring to Sakharov's internal exile

to the closed city of Gorky be-

tween 1980 and 1986, imposed by

the late Soviet leader Leonid

At least 10,000 mourners had

accompanied the coffin of

Sakharov, who died Thursday

aged 68, from a lying-in-state at

the Academy of Sciences to the

There, a huge crowd, holding

aloft black-ribboned portraits of

Sakharov, national flags of the

Soviet republics, banners, pla-

cards and lighted candles, waited

for three hours in ice, slush and

sleet for the ceremony to begin.

badges depiciting the figure "6"

crossed out, calling for the re-

moval from the constitution of

Article Six, which guarantees the

leading role of the Communist

"You will always remain a liv-

Party in Soviet society.

Several carried signs or wore

Luzhniki sports complex.

ancient sense of the world, a man who did everything for the sake of a better future," said academi-

and democratic freedom.

cian Dmitry Likhachev.

Brezhnev.

the political opposition.

Sakharov funeral

turns political rally

MOSCOW (R) - Eighty ing example to us," proclaimed

more than enough to carry a

Singh's supporters cheered and slapped the palms of their hands on their tables as he was sworn in. Singh ousted Gandhi from the

prime minister's job on a platform of clean government and vows to repair the cracks in the country's religious harmony. His first trip out of New Delhi after being named prime minister Dec. 2 was to Punjab, where he visited the Sikh faith's holiest shrine, the Golden Temple in Amritsar.

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's decision to storm the temple in 1984 led to her revenge killing later that year. She was succeeded by her son. Gandhi's grandfather, Jawaharial Nehru.

was India's first prime minister. None of the Sikh militants elected to the new parliament was among the first legislators to be sworn in, since the oaths of rankand-file parliament members are administered alphabetically state by state. The 525 members of the ninth Lok Sabha to convene since independence from Britain in 1947 were each sworn in Monday.

Also Monday, another cabinet appointment was announced: Mambilikalathil Govind Kumar Menon, a cosmic ray physicist, as minister of science and tech-

It was the first time the post has election support from the leftists: gone to a scientist.

one slogan. "Forgive us, Andrei

Dmitrievich, we should have

come out onto the square in

When a grey bus arrived car-

rying the coffin and close family

and friends, speakers tried for

several minutes to persuade the

crowds to move back to clear a

Interior Ministry troops, arms

linked and tucked into each

other's belts, prevented people

from moving, only giving way after an appeal from radical histo-

The red-draped coffin was

placed on a raised plinth, with

Sakharov's portrait at its head

Hundreds of wreaths and bun-

ches of red carnations were pas-

sed over the heads and shoulders

of the crowd to be laid at the foot

Earlier, President Mikhail S.

Gorbachev and other members of

the ruling politburo went out in

icy rain to pay last respects to

Gorbachev viewed the body

early in the morning outside the

Academy of Sciences, to which

Sakharov, considered the father

of the Soviet hydrogen bomb,

had belonged. Gorbachev also

spoke at length with Bonner.

Sakharov's dissident comrade-in-

served the Nobel Prize," Gor-

bachev told reporters of the man

who had been hounded for yeras

and banished into internal exile

by past Soviet leaders for his

couraceous human rights cam-

"Now it is clear that he de-

rian Yuri Afanasyev.

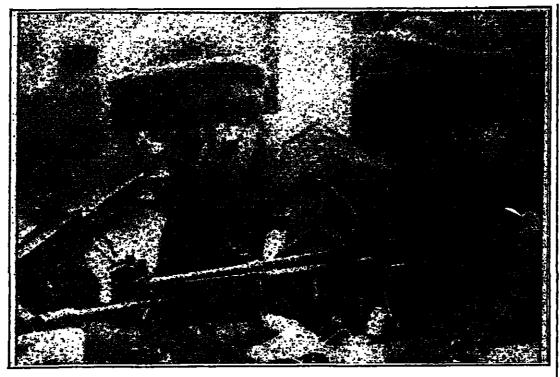
of the column.

Sakharov.

But lines of brown-uniformed

space in front of the podium.

1980," said another.



Colombia's anti-narcotic policemen during a training exercise in Bogota

Popular protest hits Romania

VIENNA (Agencies) — Romanian police on Sunday attacked thousands of demonstrators in the city of Timisoara who were protesting the hardline communist rule of Nicolae Ceausescu, according to the Hungarian state

news agency and other sources. The protest began Saturday night and continued into Sunday morning, according to the re-ports. Witnesses reported seeing injured people, but the extent and severity of the injuries was not immediately available.

A caller told the Hungarian Danubiusz radio station late Sunday that he had learned from a telephone call to imisoara that crowds still were in the streets. Yugoslav travellers earlier told the Associated Press in Belgrade that Timisoara, about 400 kilometres from Bucharest, the capital, remained restive.

However, Ceausescu left for a state visit to Iran on Monday. Two of the country's main state-controlled newspapers car-ried appeals for respect of law and order and the strict applica-

tion of the law, according to a daily press survey carried by the official Agerpres news agency.

According to Yugoslav and Hungarian media, the demonstration on Sunday by the present stration on Sunday by thousands of ethnic Hungarians began after

far-reaching reforms in the Phi-

lippines, saying the country was "so sick that it needs major

In a 24-point set of demands

for President Corazon Aquino, rebel leader Gregorio 'Gringo" Honasan called for an end to the

Roman Catholic Church's in-

tervention in politics, reform of

the justice system and an amnesty

In a statement published Mon-

day by the opposition newspaper

Newsday, the cashiered army

colonel urged Aquino to either

form a coalition government to implement radical reforms or step

down in favour of a new gov-

erning council "under the protection of the soldiers of the

needs major surgery before its

ailment becomes incurable." the

Our country is so sick that it

for political offenders.

people."

MANILA (Agencies) — Army rebels Monday called for a new military-backed government and manifesto declared. Meanwhile Aquine to close broadcast sta

later turned into a political protest against the autocratic rule of

"The two newspapers (Roma-nia Libera and the Communist Party daily Scinteia Tineretului) publish notes on the demand for the strict respect for the laws of the country and their firm application," Agerpres said.

"Romania Libera stresses in its note that, in the view of the Romanian Communist Party, the whole socio-economic construction of Romania is firmly set on the law...which must be observed and applied to the letter."

Western diplomats contacted in Bucharest said they had received reports from Timisoara saying about 10,000 people had taken part in the demonstration. "We have heard of some injuries, but no deaths," one diplo-

mat told Reuters in Vienna. The diplomat was unable to give any figures, adding that no Westerners had so far been able

to get to Timisoara. Another diplomat said that Western tourists were reported to be having trouble entering

The demonstration is believed to be one of the largest outbreaks of protest in recent years in Romania, which has been the last

Meanwhile Aquino threatened

to close broadcast stations that air

rebel propaganda in the tension

following the recent failed coup

Also Monday, the Philippine Senate and House of Representa-

tives were expected to give final approval to legislation granting

Aquino special powers to restore order in the wake of the Dec. 1-9

uprising by thousands of military

A bomb threat forced the eva-

cuation of Manila's city hall and

suspected communist rebels kil-

led a police captain Monday.

Prices rose slightly Monday on

the Manila stock exchange, but

the rally then fizzled because of a

lack of foreign investors, traders

In a news conference, Aquino

was asked what measures would

be taken against the Philippine

media under the state of

emergency she declared Dec. 6.

The Hungarian state news agency MTI quoted a television reporter in Szeged, Hungary about 80 kilometres from Timisoara — as saying that the demonstration developed after hundreds of people formed a human chain "around" a church where dissident reformed church clergyman the Rev. Laszlo Toekes and

his family had taken refuge Authorities had planned to deport Toekes, but his fate was not amediately known, said MTI.

Citizens "tried to prevent the eviction of their clergyman when hell broke loose and the human chain changed into a demonstra-tion of thousands against Ceausescu and his regime, Sunday morning, MTI said.

"Riot police tried to suppress

the demonstration, and a bloody brawl started," the Hungarian report said. It took almost two hours for the policemen to gain the upper hand."

MTI, quoting the television re-porter, said, "eyewitnesses saw bloodied young people in the streets of Timisoara and Ceausescu pictures floating on the Bega nal. They said many of the demonstrators were arrested."

The Yugoslav witnesses said that protesters Saturday night smashed the window of a bookpolice tried to evict from his East bloc holdout against the store, threw Ceausescu books apartment a priest known as a reforms sweeping the rest of the into the street and burned them.

She noted that broadcast out-

emergency decree but were

conditions, they will be closed,

their franchises will be taken away from them," Aquino said. She added that if it is deter-

mined that a newspaper had

printed "any article that will in-

cite to rebellion" the government

will go to court to file charges

Aquino Sunday ordered the

against the erring individual or

immediate trial of leaders of the

military coup attempt, branding them traitors paid "30 pieces of silver" to bring her down.

In a national radio broadcast,

she said the rebel leaders would

She urged civilians to come

"If they violate these terms and

loosely enforced.

the publication."

be shown no mercy.

forward with information

Philippine revolt leaders

demand sweeping reform section of Panama City." lets operate under government franchises, which forbid the airing of subversive propaganda. Such restrictions existed before the

notification of relatives.

The Panamanian Defence

the navy officer. It said the American soldiers broke through the checkpoints and fired at the headquarters,

The Pentagon said a U.S. navy lieutenant and his wife were stopped at the same roadblock as the other soldiers a half-hour earlier and witnessed the shooting. The Panamanians then blindfolded both with masking tape and in-

The Pentagon said the man was

German leaders meet in East

EAST BERLIN (R) — The heads of state of East and West Germany have met for the first time on East German soil against a background of accelerating contacts between the two countries.

West German President Richard von Weizsaecker met East Germany's Manfred Gerlach in Potsdam and three Bonn government members talked politics in Leipzig and Halle.

The contacts followed official trips to East Berlin last week by the West German economics and environment ministers and came before Tuesday's arrival of Chancellor Helmut Kohl for his first official visit to East Germany.

Up to half a million people are expected to turn out in Dresden to see Kohl who, according to West German press reports, will arrive with proposals for a cash injection worth more than \$50 billion over the next decade.

Sunday's high-ranking visitors urged caution on the many East Germans now clamouring to be united with their bigger, richer

Von Weizsaecker, emerging from his talks in the building where the "big three" Potsdam conference of 1945 split up the former Nazi Third Reich, said the two Germanys must demonstrate "a moral conscience."

"It is in both our interests that our neighbours... should not feel that the coming together of the two German states should give them cause for concern about their territory," he told reporters after talks with Gerlach.

The East German acting head of state, a non-Communist, echoed the warning, as did reformist Prime Minister Hans Modrow, who also attended the surprise meeting and will play host

In a sign of the times since popular protest swept hardline Stalinist leaders from power and threw open the Berlin Wall, the East German Communist Party's new chief, Gregor Gysi, was not

West German Labour Minister Norbert Bluem and Parliamentary Speaker Rita Suessmuth went to see Gysi's opponents in Leipzig, where they witnessed the formation of a new party by the protest group Democratic

In Halle, West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher strolled through his home town, as he often does at Christmas, but this time fielding along the way urgent questions from East Germans concerned about the reunification issue.

Reunification also stirred passions at the Democratic Awakening congress, where the majority voted to pursue unity, and at a crisis congress in East Berlin of the SED, East Germany's once invulnerable Communist Party.

"Those demanding a special German route to unification outside the framework of German unity are playing, consciously or unconsciously, with fire," Gysi

"Greater Germany would be a victory for the right."

U.S., Panama trade charges

PANAMA CITY (Agencies) -Military officers from the United States and Panama have met to discuss a weekend confontation in which a U.S. officer died, opposition politicians said.

U.S. authorities refused to comment on the report of a meeting Sunday to discuss the incident, in which another U.S. officer was wounded and a navy conple beaten.

The contact was reported to be through the joint board, a liaison between the two countries' military forces that deals with Panama Canal security and defence.

Lariter in a statement Southern Command, which has beadquarters in Panama, said the officer slain Saturday was "off duty, unarmed and in civilian clothes when he and three others were stopped by Panamanian soldiers near the the (Panamanian) defence headquarters in the old

The Panamanians tried to drag the Americans out of their car and fired at them as they drove off, killing one officer, it said. His identity was withheld, pending

Forces (PDF) accused the U.S. officers of a provocation, without mentioning the American's death or acknowledging the arrest of

wounding a soldier and two civilians, including a one-year-old

terrogated and beat them for about four hours.

the woman slammed against the wall so hard that her head was cut before they were released.

Panamanian troopers Sunday blocked streets leading to Manuel Antonio Noriega's headquarters with trucks and buses, while U.S. soldiers guarded their bases. U.S. Defence Secretary Dick

Cheney said in his statement, the lack of discipline and control in the Panamanian Defence Forces is further evidence that Panama is a country without a government." The 12,000 U.S. troops sta-

tioned in the Panama Canal area were restricted to base Sunday and only authorised movement was permitted. The Panama Canal was operat-

ing normally, a spokesman said, and had not been effected by the

The incidents came a day after the National Assembly declared that Panama was in a state of war and appointed Noriega head of government, granting him wide powers to appoint officials and conduct foreign affairs.

A White House speaking before details of the beating were released, declined to link the shooting to Friday's

"I am not drawing any conclusions at this time," said White House spokesman Roman Popa-

The United States, which does not recognise Panama's government, has imposed a series of economic sanctions against the country in an effort to oust Noreiga. The country's economy,

once robust, has been crippled. The Panamanian leader, who narrowly survived a coup attempt on Oct. 3, was indicted in the United States last year on drug trafficking and other charges he

MIAMI BEACH, Florida (AP)

Zsa Zsa fired from film role

- It seemed an unlikely role Zsa Zsa Gabor as Saudi Arabian royalty - and the sharp-tongued Hungarian lost the job because of a tiff with the man who's bankrolling the movie. Sheikh Mohammad Al Fassi fired Miss. Gabor before the pair even met because of disparaging remarks. she made about him in a dispute. over travel expenses, said Chris Christenson, producer of the planned epic on Saudi history. The dispute began Saturday, when Miss Gabor cancelled an appearance with Fassi to promote the project, Christenson said Sunday. The actress-socialite recently in the news for slapping a police officer - demanded travel expenses and in the course of discussions with an aide, said she had reservations about Fassi's character, Christenson said. "She said 'I don't trust him. I've heard bad things,' and he went and told the prince," Christenson said. "And the prince came to me and said why would we use (her) if she doesn't trust me." Miss Gabor, believed to be in her late 60s or early 70s, denied making disparaging remarks. Fassi and producer say they will spend \$50 million on the movie chronicling Saudi Arabia from the time of King Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud to the present. Their attention was drawn by Miss Gabor's trial for slapping the officer, and they cast her as the king's mother.

Comaneci on spending spree

POMPANO BEACH, Florida (AP) — Nadia Comaneci plop-ped down nearly \$20,000 in traveller's checks on a Camaro convertible and shopped her way through clothing stores this week, sales clerks said. Escorted by Constantin Panait, the married roofer who has accompanied the Olympic gold-medal gymnast since she fled Romania, Comaneci was staying in a \$130-a-night suite at the best Western beachcomber resort and villas in Pompano Beach. Thomas Martin, a alesman at Maroone Chevrolet, said he sold Comaneci the Camaro, a black convertible automatic with gray bucket seats. She originally had her eye on a used Corvette, he said, but Marvertible. Dealership manager Ken Pataki said Comaneci whipped out a wad of travellers checks to close the deal. At a department store she got a 30 per cent discount on a \$184 "social dress," knee-length white jersey decorated with pearls and beads, said Phyllis Paul, a clerk at the store. She also stopped at the cosmetic and shoe counters, she added. The stay at the hotel and some of the shopping spree and her bar tab were apparently paid by Brit-ish tabloids, which sent writers and photographers to accompany Comaneci, hotel employees said.

Heroin inside live calf

MONTEFORTE IRPINO, Italy (R) — Vets inspecting a calf before slaughter found a kg of beroin in a container in its stomach, police said Friday. A slaughterhouse in this village 20 kilometres east of Naples bought the calf, apparently in good faith, at a large livestock market outside the city, they said. The animal had probably been used in a mafia attempt to smuggle the heroin into Italy and had been sold by mistake, the police said. They said the calf came from northern Europe but refused further details while investigations continued.

Salvador witness reports FBI 'intimidation' After three days of interroga-

woman who said she witnessed Salvadorean soldiers moving towards the residence where six Jesuit priests were murdered was so intimidated by Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agents and a Salvadorean army interrogator that she recanted her story, according to an official of a human rights organisa-

From Nov. 27 to Nov. 30, Lucia Barrera de Cerna, a cleaning woman at the Jesuit University in a San Salvador, and her husband, Jorge Cerna, were repeatedly asked by the agents and the colonel what they saw the night of the killings, said Martha Doggett of the Lawyers Committee for Human Rights.

When they told of having seen Salvadorean soldiers moving to and from the priests' residences, they were accused of lying and asked, "Who put you up to this?" Doggett said Monday.

tion, Barrera "couldn't take it anymore. She wanted to be left in peace," said Doggett.
On Nov. 30, when asked to

"tell us again what you saw from the window," Barrera replied: "I didn't see anything from the window," Doggett That night, she told her hus-

band what she had done and the next day he too recanted. Both of them failed lie detector tests when they repeated their story that they had not seen the soldiers. Duty officers at the FBI and

Washington said there was no one available to comment on the matter Sunday night. After Cerna made a sworn statement before a judge in San Salvador, U.S. authorities flew the couple and their daughter to Miami, where the FBI ques-

the State Department in

tioned them. The Times said that among the investigators was lieutenant

Majia, head of El Salvador's special investigative unit, who was introduced to the Cernas as

Human rights abuse The human rights group

Americas Watch said Sunday that human rights abuses, including massacres, political repression and violations of the rules of war, have soared in El Salvador following a huge rebel

In its second report since the rebels launched their offensive Nov. 11, the group accused the U.S. government of working to discredit Lucia Barrera de Cerna, the lone witness to the massacre of the priests, and of aiding Salvadorean authorities

in pursuing U.S. citizens.
"Since the publication of our preliminary report, human rights abuses have continued at a breathtaking pace in El Salvador," the 86-page report states. In addition to the Jesuit masmultiple killings, two of which were allegedly carried out by the army and one by the guerrillas of the rebel Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN). The repression that pessimists predicted would occur after

the rightist Arena government was installed in June has now set in" the report states. Americas Watch, a New York-based human rights monitoring group, said government soldiers shot dead seven unarmed men in Cuscatancingo, a northern suburb of San Salvador, on Nov. 18 and summarily executed between five and nine people in the western city of Santa Ana Nov. 12.

It said the FMLN was suspected in the disappearance and possible execution of five journalists working for the govemment national information centre, which was overrun by guerrilias Nov. 29.

As it did in its earlier report.

Americas Watch discussed the killing of the Jesuit priests. They were dragged out of

their beds on the campus of the Central American university and shot with assault rifles while there was an army corfew in the capital. Meanwhile, guerrillas ambushed government soldiers

in an eastern province and at least 28 fighters were killed or wounded, the army and rebels said Sunday. A leading Salvadorean churchman said, meanwhile, he was holding contacts with the

FMLN and government which he hoped could bring both sides closer to dialogue. Rebel Radio Venceremos said guerrillas killed 25 soldiers. wounded 30 and captured 24 in an ambush on an army unit at

of Usulutan Saturday. "One company of the Lempa battalion was torn to pieces," the radio said. It mentioned no guerrilla casualties.

Wisperal in the eastern province

Global weather

(major world cities)

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		12	54	18	64	Cloud
	BAHRAIN	15	59	19	66	Cloud
	BANGKOK	18	84	32	90	Class
	BUENOS AIRES	15	59	24	75	Clear
	CAIRO		50	23		Class
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